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No. 21,791 號登拾玖百柒千壹萬式第 日捌廿月參辰戊 HONG KONG, THURSDAY, MAY 17th, 1928. 肆拜禮 日柒拾月伍年八廿百九千壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Kowloon	8.40	8.05	8.30	9.10	10.00	12.00	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.50	5.45	7.30	8.40	9.15	10.00	11.00	12.00	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.50	5.45	7.30	8.40
Yau Ma Tei	8.48	8.13	8.38	9.18	10.08	12.08	1.23	2.43	3.08	4.58	5.53	7.38	8.48	9.23	10.08	11.08	12.08	1.23	2.43	3.08	4.58	5.53	7.38	8.48
Shatin	7.01	7.26	7.51	8.31	9.21	11.21	1.36	2.56	3.21	5.11	6.06	7.41	8.51	9.26	10.11	11.11	12.11	1.36	2.56	3.21	5.11	6.06	7.41	8.51
Tai Po	7.15	7.40	8.05	8.45	9.35	11.35	1.50	3.10	3.35	5.25	6.20	7.55	9.05	9.40	10.25	11.25	12.25	1.50	3.10	3.35	5.25	6.20	7.55	9.05
Tai Po Market	7.20	7.45	8.10	8.50	9.40	11.40	1.55	3.15	3.40	5.30	6.25	8.00	9.10	9.45	10.30	11.30	12.30	1.55	3.15	3.40	5.30	6.25	8.00	9.10
Fanning	7.30	7.55	8.20	9.00	9.50	11.50	2.05	3.25	3.50	5.40	6.35	8.10	9.20	9.55	10.40	11.40	12.40	2.05	3.25	3.50	5.40	6.35	8.10	9.20
Shuangchi	7.35	7.60	8.25	9.05	9.55	11.55	2.10	3.30	3.55	5.45	6.40	8.15	9.25	10.00	10.45	11.45	12.45	2.10	3.30	3.55	5.45	6.40	8.15	9.25
Shamshui	7.41	8.06	8.31	9.11	10.01	12.01	2.16	3.36	4.01	5.51	6.46	8.21	9.31	10.06	10.51	11.51	12.51	2.16	3.36	4.01	5.51	6.46	8.21	9.31
Canton	7.48	8.13	8.38	9.18	10.08	12.08	2.23	3.43	4.08	5.58	6.53	8.28	9.38	10.13	11.03	12.03	1.03	2.23	3.43	4.08	5.58	6.53	8.28	9.38

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Canton	8.40	8.05	8.30	9.10	10.00	12.00	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.50	5.45	7.30	8.40	9.15	10.00	11.00	12.00	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.50	5.45	7.30	8.40
Shamshui	7.18	7.43	8.08	8.48	9.38	11.38	1.53	3.13	3.38	5.28	6.23	7.58	9.08	9.43	10.28	11.28	12.28	1.53	3.13	3.38	5.28	6.23	7.58	9.08
Shuangchi	7.25	7.50	8.15	8.55	9.45	11.45	2.00	3.20	3.45	5.35	6.30	8.05	9.15	9.50	10.35	11.35	12.35	2.00	3.20	3.45	5.35	6.30	8.05	9.15
Fanning	7.30	7.55	8.20	9.00	9.50	11.50	2.05	3.25	3.50	5.40	6.35	8.10	9.20	9.55	10.40	11.40	12.40	2.05	3.25	3.50	5.40	6.35	8.10	9.20
Tai Po Market	7.40	8.05	8.30	9.10	10.00	12.00	2.10	3.30	3.55	5.45	6.40	8.15	9.25	10.00	10.45	11.45	12.45	2.10	3.30	3.55	5.45	6.40	8.15	9.25
Tai Po	7.44	8.09	8.34	9.14	10.04	12.04	2.14	3.34	4.00	5.50	6.45	8.20	9.30	10.05	10.50	11.50	12.50	2.14	3.34	4.00	5.50	6.45	8.20	9.30
Shatin	7.57	8.22	8.47	9.27	10.17	12.17	2.27	3.47	4.12	6.02	6.57	8.32	9.42	10.17	11.02	12.02	1.02	2.27	3.47	4.12	6.02	6.57	8.32	9.42
Yau Ma Tei	8.11	8.36	8.61	9.41	10.31	12.31	2.36	3.56	4.21	6.11	7.06	8.41	9.51	10.26	11.11	12.11	1.11	2.36	3.56	4.21	6.11	7.06	8.41	9.51
Kowloon	8.17	8.42	8.67	9.47	10.37	12.37	2.42	3.62	4.27	6.17	7.12	8.47	9.57	10.32	11.17	12.17	1.17	2.42	3.62	4.27	6.17	7.12	8.47	9.57

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ENO'S BUSINESS SOLD.

£1,500,000 FOR SALTS.

MEDICINE DEAL BY MILLIONAIRE.

CANADIAN AGENT.

LONDON, April 24th.

It is understood, says the *Daily Express*, that the business of J. C. Eno, Ltd., the proprietors of the world-famous Eno's Fruit Salt, has been sold to Mr. Harold F. Ritchie, a Canadian millionaire, for more than £1,500,000.

This great deal follows the recent death of Commander H. S. Swithinbank, one of the directors of the firm, who went for a long voyage when he was under a medical sentence of death so that he would be able to die at sea.

Commander Swithinbank was the son-in-law of the late Mr. James Crossley Eno, the founder of the firm, whose fortune of £2,611,607 was the largest ever left by a medicine proprietor.

Mr. Eno left the bulk of his fortune to Mrs. Swithinbank and his other daughter.

Commander Swithinbank died in February off the Azores, and he was buried, as he wished to be, at sea.

Chemist's Enterprise.

Mr. Eno, who was born just 100 years ago, was a chemist, who first manufactured the fruit salt in his pharmacy at Newcastle-on-Tyne. The business developed into probably the largest of its kind in the world.

Mr. Ritchie, the new purchaser, is a Toronto manufacturer's agent, who has made a great fortune by acting as the foreign agent for Eno's Fruit Salt and other well-known proprietary articles. He began his business life as a commission man in a small way. He has been a large stockholder in Eno's for many years.

The capital of J. C. Eno, Ltd., is £750,000, composed of 650,000 £1 Ordinary shares and £100,000 Seven and a Half per cent. Cumulative Preference shares. The Company was registered in 1920 after reconstruction of a company of similar title.

A QUEEN'S GOLDEN CHAIR.

RECONSTRUCTED ART OF THE PYRAMID AGE.

Cairo.

Dr. Reisner reports that Queen Hetepher's carrying chair was discovered in the Cairo Museum.

It is a unique. It is a masterpiece of the artistic sense of Egyptian craftsmen of the Pyramid Age.

The chair was made 5,000 years ago by order of King Cheops for his mother, then the greatest lady in Egypt. The wood of the chair as found in the Queen's secret tomb was entirely decayed and shrank to one-fifth its original volume and could therefore not be used to support the gold casting.

The four pieces of shrunken wood had the joints of tenons and mortises in perfect preservation, and from these indications the wooden parts were reconstructed in new wood exactly like those of the original chair. The gold cases and gold hieroglyphics were then mounted in the new wooden case.

The arrangement was for the Queen to sit on a cushion on the floor of the chair with her knees up and her arms resting on the arms. The chair was then carried shoulder-high by four men.

Reuter.

TO TIMBUCTOO BY AIR.

23 HOURS FROM PARIS.

PARIS.

Timbuktoo, the once mysterious town in the depths of the Sahara, has been brought within 23 hours of Paris by the French airmen Cornillon and Gerardon, who landed there after leaving Le Bourget the previous morning and making one stop at Colomb Bechar, also in the Sahara, for fuel.

After a hasty meal of coffee and eggs, the airmen took off again from Timbuktoo, for Bamako and Senegal, where they were expected to arrive before nightfall the same day.

MISSING WIFE OF COLONEL.

SEARCH BY POLICE AND MOTOR BOATS.

COL. WATKINS' STATEMENT.

Police of several counties are searching for Mrs. Jennie Ellis Watkins, wife of Colonel H. G. Watkins, late of the Coldstream Guards, and sister of Commander Eyres-Monsell, the Government Chief Whip, who has been missing for several days, states a home paper.

A mysterious notice relating to Mrs. Watkins' disappearance was issued by Scotland Yard. This stated that "a lady was missing from Eastbourne," and gave her description.

"Returning 9 O'clock."

Later the same day Colonel Watkins received a telegram from her which said, "I have gone to Eastbourne for a little sea air to see if it will blow my worries away."

Mrs. Watkins had been suffering from insomnia.

Colonel Watkins said to a reporter: "I think she must have caught the 11.20 train to Eastbourne. I knew nothing of this until the afternoon, when I received a telegram which said, 'Spending a delightful afternoon here. Returning nine o'clock to-night.'"

That telegram was timed Eastbourne 3 p.m.

I was not worried about that because it is not unusual for a person to spend a day at the seaside, but when 10.30 p.m. arrived and my wife had not returned I was perturbed.

She has not been in good health lately, having undergone an operation some time ago. When she left home she could not have had much money with her. I should think not more than £5. As far as I know, she had never been to Eastbourne before, but I can understand that in her state of health she would seek solitude on the downs at Eastbourne. The coastguards are convinced that she has not fallen down the cliff. It is possible that she has lost her memory and is staying at a boarding house.

Police and coastguards in motor-boats as well as parties on foot have searched the cliffs for Mrs. Watkins without any avail.

RUSSIA'S £50,000,000 ART TREASURES.

WILL THE SOVIET SELL THEM?

Cairo.

It is feared that the Soviet Government is considering the disposal of many of the Hermitage objects of art in the Hermitage at Petrograd to American collectors.

A recent order given to a number of experts to "value" the contents of the Hermitage is considered rather suspicious. The preliminary report by the experts states that there are at present 1,300,000 historical objects and that they are worth about £50,000,000.

The State Library—collected by the confiscation of all private libraries in the country—is also undergoing stock-taking and valuation. The books and manuscripts are returned as numbering 4,500,000.

The precarious position of Soviet finance may be responsible for this "valuation" activity. Moscow has been receiving tempting offers from America.

The Hermitage Gallery in Petrograd is the most famous art collection in Russia. Two years ago the gallery was linked up to the Winter Palace and the contents rearranged. These include such treasures as 40 pictures by Rembrandt, Titians, examples of all the French, Early Italian, Flemish, and Dutch masters, great sculpture, porcelain, silver and jewellery sections, and many confiscated church treasures. Since the revolution many of the Hermitage pieces are believed to have been removed to Moscow.

ROTA OF SUNDAY DOCTORS.

BRUSSELS.

Doctors of Brussels and its suburbs are organizing a rota for Sunday and public holiday duty.

As is already done in the case of chemists, the public will be notified through the Press of the names and addresses of medical men available on those days.

DIARY OF EVENTS.

To-day.

(May 17th.)

Ascension Day.

Alphonse XIII. of Spain born 1859.

Canton Insurance Office, Ltd., 47th ordinary general meeting, noon.

Queen's Theatre: "Sorrel and Son."

World Theatre: "Diplomacy" at 3.15 and 8.20, at 2.30 and 7.15.

"Lock Young Bridge."

Star Theatre: "The Heart of Salome."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Inward: Europe via Negapatam, letters only (Santhia). Outward: Europe via Siberia (Adrasan), 10.30 a.m.

Friday.

(May 18th.)

Helena May Institute Christian Fellowship Meeting, 10.30 a.m.

China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting, 11 a.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Sorrel and Son."

World Theatre: "Diplomacy" at 3.15 and 8.20, "Lock Young Bridge" at 2.30 and 7.15.

Star Theatre: "The Heart of Salome."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Inward: Europe via Siberia (Lahore). Outward: Europe via Siberia (Lahore), 10.30 a.m.

Saturday.

(May 19th.)

Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanning.

Lane, Crawford, Ltd., 6th ordinary yearly meeting, noon.

Queen's Theatre: "Sorrel and Son."

World Theatre: "Diplomacy" at 3.15 and 8.20, "Lock Young Bridge" at 2.30 and 7.15.

Star Theatre: "The Heart of Salome."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Inward: Europe via Marseilles (Hakoni Maru), 9.30 a.m.

Sunday.

(May 20th.)

Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanning.

Queen's Theatre: "Tillie the Toiler."

World Theatre: "The Navigator."

Star Theatre: "The Valley of Hell."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Inward: Europe via Marseilles (Hakoni Maru), 9.30 a.m.

Monday.

(May 21st.)

Sale of Crown land, Kowloon Island lot No. 1133, 3 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Tillie the Toiler."

World Theatre: "The Navigator."

Star Theatre: "The Valley of Hell."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and

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FOREIGN EYE-WITNESS'S ACCOUNT OF TSINAN OUTBREAK.

JAPANESE BARRICADES REMOVED AT SOUTHERN
GENERAL'S REQUEST.

SHOOTING BEGAN AFTERWARDS.

Tsingtao, May 7th.
Late last evening two foreigners arrived from Tsinan.
One of these gentlemen was a well-known foreigner of Shang-
hai. The other was Mr. H. J. Timperley of the China Famine
Relief Association. They were actual eye witnesses of the distur-
bances that occurred in the protected area, and their story will do
much to clear the doubt as to what actually happened at Tsinanfu
after the arrival of the Southern forces.

Marshal Chang Chung Chang left
Tsinan at midnight on Tuesday,
May 1st, for Tachow. The North-
ern evacuation was orderly and
conditions at Tsinan prior to the
arrival of the Southern forces
peaceful—no looting or distur-
bances of any sort.

Feng's Troops Seize Missions.
The Shantung army were able to
evacuate all their aeroplanes; no
rolling stock was captured except
one armoured Russian train cover-
ing the retirement which was cut
off at the Yellow River bridges and
captured. Later the Russians on
this train were led captive through
Tsinan with stout cords pierced
through their noses.

On Wednesday morning, May
2nd, Southern forces began to ar-
rive at Tsinan from Tsinan and
Minghai on the Kiao-Tai Railway.
In the interval Japanese armed
forces consisting of 500 of all ranks
from the Tientsin Garrison erected
street barricades of barbed wire
and sand bags in two protected
areas. Two areas were formed
instead of one in order to permit
the Chinese populace to pass
through without hindrance, as one
area would have cut off several
main arteries of travel.

The troops arriving were those of
Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang and
General Chiang Kai Shek; and it
is to be recorded that Feng Yu
Hsiang's troops immediately on
arrival at Tsinan seized all Roman
Catholic premises for billeting
their soldiers.

Japanese Barricades Removed.
Immediately after the arrival of
Chiang Kai Shek the barricades
were removed, and up to Wednes-
day evening everything was quiet,
no disorder—"business as usual."

There is no doubt that it was
hoped on both Chiang Kai Shek's
side and the Japanese that the re-
moval of the barricades would re-
lieve the tension, which was un-
doubtedly great. At all the
Japanese barricades were large
posters clearly written in Chinese,
announcing that the Japanese were
there only to guard their own prop-
erty and had no intention of inter-
fering with the Chinese in any way.
Chinese youths were continually
trying to slip up to these posters
and paste anti-Japanese handbills
on them.

Who fired the first shot will never
be known. But it is a bad point
against the Chinese soldiers that
the Japanese did remove their bar-
ricades when asked to do so.

Chiang Kai Shek did well, all
are agreed: he did his utmost to
stop the Chinese firing, but the
soldiers would not obey orders.

The Shooting Begins.
On Thursday, May 3rd, at 10.30
in the morning shooting started,
which, from several reliable sources,
would indicate that Southern
soldiers were insisting on Japanese
and other shops accepting notes
issued by the Central Bank and
other forms of military notes.

Chinese soldiers attached to Gen-
eral Ho Yao Tzu, composed of
Hunan units, started an attack on
several Japanese shops, particu-
larly those situated along the second
horse road and began to loot. It
is worthy of note that several of

these troops were equipped with
Mills bombs and other forms of
hand-grenades. Naturally Japanese
soldiers intervened, and indis-
criminate fighting ensued. At no
time, my informant says, were more
Japanese soldiers engaged than the
500 mentioned above.

Stein's Hotel Looted.
The well known North China
hostelry was besieged with
Japanese and German emblems, but
this did not stop the Southern
soldiers from making a thorough
clean-up of this hotel. The lives
of several of the guests were in
deadly peril due to the heavy firing
of looting soldiers.

However, Japanese soldiers soon
arrived on the scene and cleared
out the Chinese looters. There
were some Japanese in the
hotel, but they luckily escaped and
got away over the back wall before
the Chinese soldiers spotted them.

Southerners Mostly Withdrawn.
Late on Friday (May 4th) Chiang
Kai Shek came to an understanding
with the Japanese forces that all
Southern forces would be immedi-
ately evacuated and be kept away
from Tsinan until a later date. On
Sunday, May 6th, competent
foreign observers are able to state
that this withdrawal of the
Southern forces had actually been
accomplished.

No Japanese aeroplanes had ar-
rived at date of leaving.

As stated previously the Kiao-
Tai Railway between Tsingtao and
Tsinan is now in fair condition and
no difficulty is anticipated in keep-
ing the line open and free from
Chinese soldiery.

It is believed that the Yellow
River Bridge at Lokow is not
seriously damaged and that it can
be repaired without much difficulty.

Non-Japanese Foreigners Safe.

Foreigners were not concentrated
at the Japanese Consulate General
as first reported; several parties
were located at the German Con-
sulate; some remained at Stein's
Hotel until it had been looted.

Flight Of A Bolshevik.

It is interesting to note that Mr.
Pratap, a delegate to the Pan-
Asiatic Conference recently held at
Shanghai, and who was forbidden
entry to Japan, hurriedly removed
from his temporary abode in a
Tsinan Chinese hotel and fled to the
first protected Japanese area for
protection.

Pratap calls himself a representa-
tive of Afghanistan, but is com-
monly believed to be a Hindu. He
is a prominent member of the
Bolshevik organization, the League
of Oppressed Peoples, which was
recently meeting in Nanking.

In the usual communistic style
Tsinan, throughout Thursday and
Friday, was well supplied with
southern plain-clothes men, who
took pot shots at anyone and every-
one passing in view, and these un-
expected shots were what did the
heaviest damage.

The special areas were all clear-
ed up by the afternoon of Friday,
May 4th by the Japanese forces, and
all foreigners within the special
areas were assured of adequate pro-
tection by the efficient Japanese
forces on the spot at Tsinan.—
North China Daily News.

HOSPITAL OFFICIAL IN BIGAMY CHARGE.

OTHER WOMAN FINDS
CERTIFICATE.

Arthur Heywood Breeds, former-
ly secretary of Lowestoft Hospital,
was charged at Lowestoft Police
Court with having, at Lakenham,
Norwich, bigamously married Mar-
jorie Eva Whitbread, his wife,
Violet Jane Breeds, being then
alive.

Breeds was brought up in custody
from Norwich Gaol, where he is
serving twelve months' imprison-
ment for embezzling hospital funds.
He was arrested on this charge on
March 4th while on a honeymoon
with Miss Whitbread at Brighton.

Mrs. Breeds said she lived at
Freshfield-road, Brighton, with her
daughter, the only child of her mar-
riage. She was married to Breeds
in June 1914 at St. Saviour's
Church, Herne Hill. They lived at
Beckenham and Peckham. Breeds
joined the Army in 1915. She last
saw him in 1927.

Miss Whitbread, of Hall-road,
Lakenham, Norwich, a shop assist-
ant, stated that she met Breeds in
Lowestoft in June 1925. He told
her he was married to a Mrs. Mary
Breeds (as Miss Whitbread knew
her) and had two children. This
person died in September 1927, and
subsequently Breeds asked her to
marry him. They went through a
form of marriage at St. Mark's
Church, Lakenham, on February
16th this year.

Find Among Papers.
While Breeds was under remand
she found the certificate of his first
marriage among his papers.

She said from the time of her
marriage Breeds treated her
"like a gentleman." They were
perfectly happy, and while he was
in prison she asked by him until she
found the certificate.

Breeds said he married Miss
Whitbread because he had a sincere
regard for her and was left with
three young children on his hands.
He always understood that where a
man and his wife had not been or
lived with one another for seven
years either was free to marry
again; and that the marriage was
legal.

He was committed for trial.

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Romance!—Revolution!—Love that counts no costs!—
Romance as sweet as any story ever told!—All in the
spectacular picture that all the world has been waiting
for!—France's own production of the tempestuous story
of gay glittering Paris in the turmoil of revolution!—



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"Les Misérables"**

Universal's Successor to
"The Hunchback of
Notre Dame"

A Universal
Film de France
Triumph
Presented by
Carl Laemmle

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QUEEN'S

TUESDAY TO SATURDAY

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TEL. C. 673.

RUBBER SHARES. QUOTATIONS.

Messrs. Carrol Bros. have been
advised of the following quotations
and dividend on rubber shares:—

Quotations.	
Allenby's	\$1.15
Glencaly's	1.30
Jimbas	1.10
Kedabs	2.40
Kempas	3.15
Lunas	1.30
Malaka Pindas	1.15
Pajamas	1.15
Dividend	
Sandycroft	5% Final

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN!

A LITTLE ZAM-BUK ENSURES
QUICK SOOTHING AND
HEALING.

Accidents are always happening
—in your own household, at work,
in street or bazaar; in fact, every-
where. Be ready to heal any sud-
den cut, abrasion, burn, scald or
other injury by keeping the
"Safety-First" healer—Zam-Buk—
always handy.

Zam-Buk which is highly antiseptic
is of marvellous efficacy for all
first-aid purposes. Applied to skin
that is lacerated, sore or blistered,
Zam-Buk kills and excludes the
germs of festering and blood-
poison, and thus prevents all
danger of a wound going the wrong
way. Zam-Buk checks bleeding,
soothes away smarting pain and
irritation, and quickly subdues
any swelling or inflammation.

Being compounded from rare and
highly-refined herbal extracts, Zam-
Buk not only heals the surface skin
but soaks naturally through the
tiny pores into underlying tissues,
where it exerts wonderful healing
activity. In this manner, Zam-Buk
gradually builds up the healthy
new tissue needed to replace that
damaged by injury or disease. It
completes the cure with a rapid
growth of new skin.

For eczema, hives, rash, prick-
ly heat, ulcers, bad legs, abscesses,
itch, scalp disease, poisoned
wounds, piles, insect bites, sore
feet, etc., Zam-Buk is acknowledged
the world's greatest cure. Guarant-
eed free from all animal fats.
Zam-Buk is obtainable in handy
size boxes of all medicine dealers.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

May 16th, 1928.	
B.K. Bank	\$1.27 1/2 buy.
Do. London	\$1.33 1/2 buy.
Chartered Bank	\$2.11 buy.
Mercantile Bank, & Co.	\$2.34 buy.
Do.	\$2.14 buy.
P. & O. Bank	\$2.14 buy.
East Asia Bank	\$2.14 buy.
Canton Insurance	\$2.14 buy.
Union Insurance	\$2.14 buy.
North China Ins.	\$2.14 buy.
Yong-Tsing Insurance	\$2.14 buy.
China Fire Insurance	\$2.14 buy.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	\$2.14 buy.
Douglas	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Steamships	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Tugs	\$2.14 buy.
Indo-China (Prof.)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (Def.)	\$2.14 buy.
Small Transport	\$2.14 buy.
Waterworks	\$2.14 buy.
Bongate	\$2.14 buy.
Kailan Mining Co.	\$2.14 buy.
Langkat (combined)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (single)	\$2.14 buy.
Shat Explorations	\$2.14 buy.
Shanghai Loans	\$2.14 buy.
Rails	\$2.14 buy.
Typhoon Mine	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. & W. Harb.	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. & W. Locks	\$2.14 buy.
China Provident	\$2.14 buy.
Hongkong	\$2.14 buy.
New Engineering	\$2.14 buy.
Shanghai Docks	\$2.14 buy.
Euro Cottons	\$2.14 buy.
Oriental Cottons	\$2.14 buy.
Steel Cottons (old)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (new)	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. & W. Harb.	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Lands	\$2.14 buy.
Shanghai Lands	\$2.14 buy.
Hampshire Estates	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Realities	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Tramways	\$2.14 buy.
East Asiatic (old)	\$2.14 buy.
Star Lines	\$2.14 buy.
China Lights (old)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (new)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (1028 issue)	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Electric	\$2.14 buy.
Macao Electric	\$2.14 buy.
Telephones	\$2.14 buy.
China Bank	\$2.14 buy.
Shanghai Bank	\$2.14 buy.
Malacca Bank	\$2.14 buy.
Canton Bank	\$2.14 buy.
Cement (combined)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (old)	\$2.14 buy.
Do. (new)	\$2.14 buy.

(Continued at foot of next column.)



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H.K. Boys (old)	\$7.14 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.30 buy.
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Dairy Farms	\$2.14 buy.
Watsons	\$2.14 buy.
Der A Wing	\$2.14 buy.
Lane Overalls	\$2.14 buy.
Messing	\$2.14 buy.
Wm. Pyram	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Amusement	\$2.14 buy.
H.K. Construction	\$2.14 buy.
Equa Indus. (S.S. Bonds)	\$2.14 buy.
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the modern and economical containers for all classes of merchandise.

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a fast and efficient method of re-inforcing fibre boxes, crates, bales, bundles and wood-boxes.

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more easily driven and greater holding power.

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HORHIGURA—Finest Seaside Summer Holiday Resort in North China. Five miles from Dairen, but connected with the city by special motor and car. Wide road and electric tramway. Yamato Hotel (35 rooms) and 15 furnished bungalows in charming old garden. Bathing, Boating, Fishing, Golf, Tennis, Billiards, Orchestra twice a week. Capital place for children.

OGONDAI—Most beautiful and select Seaside Resort in the Far East. Two miles from Port Arthur. Formerly the Summer Resort of the high Russian officers and officials. Yamato Hotel and 30 villas and bungalows, mostly with detached servants' quarters. Excellent bathing, Wonderful scenery, Historic Battlefields, Ruined and Dismantled Forts, Miles of charming walks and drives. Abundant Fishing Facilities. Orchestra twice a week. Best place for high-class families.

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HONGKONG

"SORRELL AND SON" AT THE QUEEN'S.

W. J. LOCKE STORY ON THE SCREEN.

THE ENGLISH COUNTRYSIDE.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

The admirers of the work of Mr. W. J. Locke are very many and they will not be disappointed in the screen version of one of his most characteristic novels. The novel-reading public does not expect sturdy adventure or modern jazz from Mr. Locke, but a certain brand of sentiment that he has made his own. Some people may call "Sorrell and Son" mawkish, others will see in it a story of uncomplaining heroism. But whatever your tastes it will make a big appeal if you are from "England's green and pleasant land." The scene is in England, and there are a hundred and one details that convince you that the film was actually taken at Home. A country railway station, an English train and a postman give verisimilitude to the river side scenes and the "Pelican Inn" which itself is delightfully lacking in American luxury and efficiency. Mr. Warner and Mr. Trevor both look like Englishmen.

Captain Sorrell, M.C., demobilized and deserted by his wife tries to bring up their small son. The only job he can get is that of porter in a small public house. Happily for him a guest at the "Anchor" offers a better job in the same capacity at his own large riverside hotel. Mr. Roland, Sorrell's patron, is played by Norman Trevor whom you will probably remember as Col. de Gramercy in "The Ace of Cads." He is kind to Sorrell and treats him sometimes as a friend rather than an employee but, the Captain is the hero, and therefore the victim, in Mr. Locke's novel, and his life at the "Pelican" is by no means easy.

A Possible Successor to Valentino.
Kit the Son is played by Mickey McBean as a child and Nita Aether when he is grown up and has become a surgeon. Mr. Aether is a very charming looking young man and we may even see him on the pedestal left vacant by Rudolph Valentino before long. Mickey McBean played the little boy very well and cleverly kept off too much sentimentality. Captain Sorrell himself is played by H. B. Warner who has entered perfectly into the spirit of Locke's hero. Perhaps you may wish he were a little less patently noble and long suffering but that is Mr. Locke's fault not Mr. Warner's, and he certainly looks the part.

There is a large cast in which a part is found for Alice Joyce who is always pleasing to watch. She is the housekeeper at the "Pelican" who is in love with Sorrell; exactly what their relations are is left a little vague, but probably she is just intended as a chorus of admiring womanhood. Carmel Myers has a small part as the exotic and bad tempered hostess of the first inn where Sorrell finds employment, but her role has been so overworked already that no one is sorry when the scene shifts to the "Pelican" with Alice Joyce. Mr. Roland has a small daughter, for although Captain Sorrell cannot be allowed the consolation of a love affair his son has to have one. Molly Roland is played as a child by Betsy Ann Hattie and when grown up by Mary Nolan, and she is particularly attractive when little Miss Hattie personates her.

We very much recommend "Sorrell and Son" it is an unusual film in many respects, and if Captain Sorrell is a trifle supercilious, and the plot rather sentimental, at least it is not the usual triangle story of which most of us are getting very tired.

"THE HEART OF SALOME."
At the Star, from to-day to Saturday, is "The Heart of Salome," a story of high finance. The evil genius is a count who employs a beautiful woman to spy on his rivals. While on a holiday the spy falls in love with a young engineer, and decides to become honest. A sword duel between the count and the hero in an underground dungeon forms the climax of an exciting story.

FORTHCOMING FILMS.

"LES MISERABLES."

"Les Miserables" the story by Victor Hugo, which has been translated into many languages, has been screened and will be shown at the Queen's Theatre from Tuesday to Saturday of next week. (Continued on next column.)

PROCESSIONS WITHOUT PERMITS.

CASE AGAINST LEE THEATRE MANAGER DISMISSED.

ORGANISERS FINED.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy the manager of the Lee Theatre, appeared on a summons for organising a procession without the written permission of the Secretary of Chinese Affairs. Mr. R. A. D. Forrest, of the S.C.A. prosecuted and the defendant was represented by Mr. Hugh Jones.

The Ting Cho Kwai firm were also summoned as they had arranged the procession and supplied the necessary banners, etc.

Mr. Forrest explained that this action was taken by the S.C.A. as a result of the complaints lodged by the District Watch Committee with regard to these advertising processions, which were continued in spite of notices prohibiting them.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$10 on the Ting Cho Kwai firm and advised the manager to obtain the necessary permit before sending out these processions.

Mr. Hugh Jones remarked that his client could not be held responsible as at the time the Theatre was leased to the Tai Lo Tin Theatrical Company who made all the arrangements regarding the advertising and sale of tickets in connection with their performances. This company had since gone to Canton.

Mr. Lindsell agreed with Mr. Hugh Jones and Mr. Forrest withdrew the summons against the Manager of the Lee Theatre.

The Magistrate remarked that the S.C.A. should wait until the Tai Lo Tin Theatrical Co., returned to Hong Kong and then take out a summons against them.

136,932 SETTLERS.

CANADA'S INCREASE IN 11 MONTHS.

MONTREAL.

Immigration to Canada for the eleven months of the fiscal year ended February 29th amounted to 136,932, according to a statement issued by the Department of Immigration and Colonisation. This compares with 123,720 for the same period a year ago, an increase of 11 per cent.

Immigration for February amounted to 4,312 of which 1,002 were British, 1,424 from the United States, and 1,886 from other countries, including 638 from France, Belgium, the Scandinavian countries, Holland, Germany, and Switzerland.

During February, 1,912 Canadians who had gone to the United States to reside returned to Canada. The number of such returning Canadians for the eleven months of the fiscal year is 37,217.

The picture is entirely a French production and over a year was spent in the making at a cost of more than twelve million francs. Over one hundred and fifty artists selected from the principal Parisian Theatres were engaged for the leading rôles, while the crowds numbered 3,000. The entire picture contains over 6,000 scenes and different foregrounds, the interiors being made at Vincennes and Joinville le Pont, near Paris, and the interiors at the places which figure in the book, principally in the town of Digne and at Montreuil-Sur-Mer. Critics, wherever "Les Miserables" has been shown, have been unanimous in their praise of the film. The Daily Mail said: "Les Miserables" is an outstanding example of what can be done in the film world with a great human story intelligently produced and excellently acted. The picture, owing to its great length can be shown only three times daily, and performances commence promptly at 2.30, 6.00 and 9.20 p.m.

Diplomacy At The World.

Adapted from a stage play written for Sarah Bernhardt by Victorien Sardou, "Diplomacy," the new picture at the 5.15 and 9.20 performances in the World Theatre from to-day to Saturday, is told against the unusual background of the secret services of several European countries, including England, France, Germany and Russia. Opening in Deauville the story tells of a secret conference in progress among diplomats who are each anxious to secure an important document held by another Power. Following the theft of this paper, two innocent people fall under a shadow. At 2.30 and 7.15, the Chinese drama "Lok Young Bridge" will be screened.

THE SITUATION IN HONAN.

RED SPEARS AND MARSHAL FENG.

HAS BORODIN RETURNED?

HANKOW, May 5th.

At the beginning of the week it was possible to book by train as far as Chengchow; to-day it is doubtful whether a passenger would get beyond Yencheng, though the Chinese Post Office is still accepting heavy mail matter for places as far up the line as Szechow. This fact alone indicates serious trouble in the section of Honan immediately south of the Yellow River.

When seeking an explanation of the trouble one thinks first of the action of Fan Chung Hsiu, who is said to be in revolt against Marshal Feng. Fan is a Honanese of the Honanese and is regarded with great esteem by his fellow-provincials. He has always been a devoted follower of Sun Yat Sen, and outwardly it is for this reason that he has decided to break with his superior, for he accuses Marshal Feng of disloyalty to the teaching of the Nationalists. But it is common talk in Honan that Borodin has made his way arrayed as a Chinese to Kweichow. Persons who have previously met Borodin have no doubt of the identity of a Russian who has large influence with the Marshal. And it is said Fan and others resent this fresh development of the influence of Moscow as they realize that the Nationalist cause has already been imperilled by this alliance with Sovietism.

Taxation is heavy in all parts of China, but it has been so heavy in Honan that the people look for deliverance from their present Military Governor and would welcome anyone who can promise better treatment. The growth of the Red Spear movement is directly connected with this question of taxation. The people feel that they must combine together to resist the extortions of the tax-collectors, among whom they seem to include anyone in a grey uniform.

The Red Spears.

It is never easy to get information about a Chinese Secret Society, and the Red Spears are members of such an organization. Every family is expected to have at least one person enrolled in this organization, and it is said that this demand is enforced on the Christian families. The result is weird. The Red Spears are idolaters, but they are not Buddhists or Taoists. They may use an existing temple for their rites, or they may set apart a house. Each group has an idol, but even though he may be taken from a temple he ceases to be a god in the Buddhist pantheon and is given the name of some great hero. Each time the band gathers the members worship this idol, and it is understood that they have a secret Classic which is read to the gathering. All possible precautions are taken to prevent the uninitiated, who may watch the worship, from seeing the Classic or hearing it read.

Being a practical folk, the Red Spears have made a compromise with the Christians who are enrolled. The Christian Red Spears do not take part in the worship of the idol-hero, but they listen to the reading of the Classic. On the other hand, the band sometimes assembles outside the place of worship and allows a Christian to exhort them to righteousness. Asked as to the prospects for the future, the view is expressed that the organization of the Red Spears is so defective that the movement will collapse. Already it is found that communists have secured admission to the bands with a view to perverting the movement, and there is no one man with sufficient authority to order the expulsion of these undesirable elements. If a Honanese were installed as military governor of Honan and the burden of taxation were reduced, the Red Spears would probably revert to their old status as village train-bands and devote themselves to their farming again. —North China Daily News.

INDIA IN FOUR DAYS: A BRITISH AIR DASH.

An air dash from England to India in four days is being planned by a firm of British aircraft manufacturers. The venture will start some time during the summer and an ordinary type of R.A.F. fighting plane will be used, though the attempt will be entirely civilian and is not being arranged by the Air Ministry. The machine selected will be capable of a cruising speed of 175 miles an hour and will carry sufficient petrol for a 600 or 700 mile non-stop trip. The intention is that the trip shall be made in fast stages, halting at intermediate aerodromes only sufficiently long to secure new supplies of fuel.

JOSEPH M. SCHENCK presents
HERBERT BRENON'S PRODUCTION
SORRELL and SON
WITH
H. B. WARNER
ANNA Q. NILSSON
ALICE JOYCE
NILS ASTHER
CARMEL MYERS

A great film based on Warwick Deeping's famous story of a father's love for his son.

UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE.

Produced by the man who made "Peter Pan" and "Beau Geste"—Exterior scenes filmed entirely in England.

AT THE **QUEEN'S** TO-DAY TO SATURDAY
At 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30.

A SECRET SERVICE drama of love and intrigue written for Sarah Bernhardt by Victorien Sardou
BLANCHE SWEET
In
"DIPLOMACY"
With
ARLETTE MARCHAL—NEIL HAMILTON—MATT MOORE

AT THE **WORLD** TO-DAY TO SATURDAY
At 5.15 & 9.20 Only.
At 2.30 & 7.15—Chinese Drama, "Lok Young Bridge."

A STORY of bizarre adventure in the gayest capital of Europe!—
WILLIAM FOX presents
The HEART of SALOME

With
ALMA REUBENS—WALTER PIDGEON—BARRY NORTON

AT THE **STAR** TO-DAY TO SATURDAY
Continuous 2.30 to 11.15 p.m.

TEMPTING ROAD FUND.
MR. LLOYD GEORGE AND MR. CHURCHILL.
"For heaven's sake let us take away the Road Fund. It is a standing temptation to Mr. Churchill," declared Mr. Lloyd George, addressing a Liberal gathering at Glasgow.
"I don't know what will become of it," added the ex-Premier. "He has got into bad habits. Take it away. Use it to develop transport in the country; that is what it was founded for."
Other points from Mr. Lloyd George's speech are:
I am not one of those who say Britain is done for. She is a long way from that. She has still got the greatest international trade in the world and she will retain it so long as she is a free trade country.
We have recovered 78 per cent. of the international trade which we had before the war. It has been increased since the present Government came into power by 21 per cent. That is what Mr. Baldwin calls the re-establishment of prosperity.
We must utilise the unemployed to recondition Britain. We must make better use of this country for the production of food, timber, and coal. We must restore the cultivation of the soil to the position it used to hold.
A thistle in a military cap is a menace. It is a national calamity to let agriculture go down. Agriculture is as essential a part of the defence of the realm as the Army, Navy and Air Force.
The programme of utilising all our resources would not create fresh burdens and would save millions on the dole.
(Continued at foot of next column.)

SHAKESPEARE IN 42 LANGUAGES.

INTEREST AMONG HINDUS.

BIRMINGHAM, April 23rd.
It was reported to-day at the annual meeting of the Shakespeare Memorial Library at Birmingham that the library contains 19,457 volumes in forty-two languages. During the last year 299 volumes were added in the following languages:—English, Italian, French, Norwegian, German, Portuguese, Danish, Russian, Dutch, Serbian, Esperanto, Spanish, Gaelic, and Swedish.
A speaker with experience of India said educated Hindus were greatly interested in Shakespeare's works.

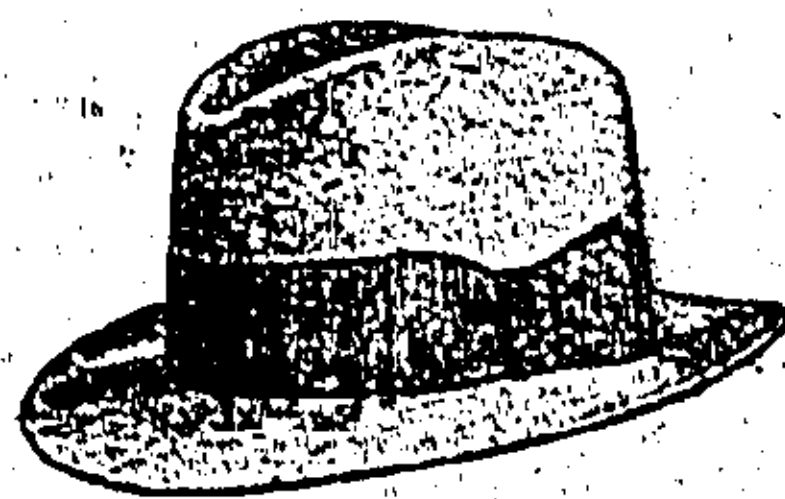
WOMEN'S STRANGE PETS.

SNAKES AND SNAILS AT A RIVIERA RESTAURANT.

CANZES.
Pets of strange shape and form are being carried by women who visit a well-known Cannes restaurant for dancing in the early morning.
Marmosets, snakes, and lizards are frequently to be seen, and one woman carried a chameleon.
Early one morning the dancers were surprised to see on one table a huge snail that had been placed there by a young Englishwoman. She and her partner having ordered supper, she asked the waiter to bring a lettuce for her pet, on which the snail was duly and saugily deposited.
The land is the key to the condition of the towns. There are the slums. There is the rich, swarming, Tory Kensington. No Liberal dare step there. (Laughter.) We must have more land for improvement.

HENRY HEATH

Soft Felt Hats



THE "SNAP" (Regd.)

Finest fur felt, adaptable to any shape of brim.

New stock in all the newest colours.

Sole Agents—

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, DES VOEUX ROAD

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

ICE CREAM.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Pint and Quart Bricks reduced to
70 CENTS and \$1.25 EACH.
Quality as before.

NOW AVAILABLE
Twenty cent Packets
(Complete with Spoon).

Pure, wholesome and handy.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO. LTD.

Whisky,
Like Caesar's Wife,
Must be above suspicion.

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That is why it is supplied to the
Ward-rooms & Messes of the
Navy, Army and Air Force
throughout the world.

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Marchant's Whisky by name, and—
Buy a Bottle for the House.

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or it can be obtained from the Sole Agents:

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6, Queen's Road Central.

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[A.P. 15]

STUDENTS AND AGITATORS IN SHANGHAI.

ATTEMPTS TO WORK UP ANTI-JAPANESE FEELING.

GARRISON COMMANDER KEEPING FIRM ORDER.

SHANGHAI, May 16th.—Apart from the mass meetings things were quiet in Chinese territory yesterday in spite of many rumours that the Japanese Government had declared war on the Nationalists.

There were minor processions in the French Concession during the morning but these did not amount to much. The Concession gates were closed against possible invasion by agitators.

Anti-Japanese Posters.

In Chinese territory, a representative of the *North China Daily News* noticed that the roads were strongly patrolled by police, soldiers and volunteers, all heavily armed. But there was no trouble. The trams were plastered with anti-Japanese literature and boys and girls of the student class were seen every ten or twenty steps, delivering soap box lectures. Every available wall and electric standard contained posters urging an anti-Japanese boycott.

At the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce a meeting of merchants was held. Mr. Chen Teh Ching, a member of the Advisory Council to the local Kuomintang, presiding. A resolution was passed that, beginning from yesterday, all merchants should assist in enforcing the boycott.

The "mass meeting" at West Gate also took place in the morning. There were estimated to be approximately 10,000 students and labourers present. The Chinese Recreation Ground, where the meeting was held, was heavily guarded by troops. Fiercy speeches were delivered and a number of resolutions were passed. These present then broke up into small parties and went about delivering lectures and distributing anti-Japanese literature.

Japanese Children Assaulted.

More Japanese school children on their way to and from the Japanese Public School in North Szechuen Road and the Japanese Girls High School in Scott Road, as well as several adults, report that they were assaulted by Chinese hooligans. The officer commanding the Japanese Marines in Shanghai has accordingly posted sentries and machine guns at a number of strategic points.

Some shops closed for two hours yesterday under instructions from the Amalgamated Street Unions, and many flags were noticed at half mast, including that at the Chinese Post Office, and on different Chinese public buildings. The Customs House flag, however, was not hoisted. Japanese employees of the Customs are said to be much agitated and fear that they will lose their positions, as the Chinese staff have petitioned the Nationalist Government to dismiss the Japanese.

More Need Of Defence Force Than Ever.

There seems to be little doubt that the average business man in Shanghai is more than ever convinced at the present time of the necessity for the continued presence of the Shanghai Defence Force. Although there are certain commendable aspects about the Chinese troops in charge locally, there are certain other reasons notably the fear of unruly labour elements, for keeping careful watch.

According to one authority, there are at the present time 9,000 Chinese troops in Greater Shanghai, but another equally well-informed authority places this figure at 25,000 when it is remembered that the present military scope extends from Sungkiang to Chinkiang also, besides the Shanghai area itself. General Chien Ta Chun, garrison commander of these troops, comprising the 32nd Army, is highly spoken of for work in disciplining the troops under his control, 15,000 of whom are well equipped with good rifles.

Brought From The South.

These troops, it will be recalled, took part in the fighting in the East River District, during the Communist uprising last December, and, although defeated, are regarded as having been the direct cause of checking the uprising. The army then marched from the South to Shanghai, leaving South China during February and arriving here on March 19th. They had seen some fighting and the long march left them even more disorganized. Moreover, their pay was in arrears. It has still been in arrears from the time of arrival until the present, although it is gleaned from reliable sources that a certain portion of the pay was handed out yesterday. It is not thought likely, however, that they are even now entirely paid up.

The area under their control is a large one, and even 25,000 men are hardly adequate to protect it should serious trouble arise. On the other hand they are being reorganized at the present time, and there is always the possibility that they may be ordered to the front in case of need.—*North China Daily News.*

SIR C. CLEMENTI IN SHANGHAI.

FRIENDSHIP WITH CANTON.

KWANGTUNG AS A MODEL PROVINCE.

SHANGHAI, May 16th.—Sir Cecil Clementi, Governor of Hong Kong, passed through Shanghai yesterday on the *Empress of Russia* on his way home, says the *North China Daily News*.

Sir Cecil was in an optimistic mood with regard to South China, when seen by a press representative. He said:

"Hong Kong has made a remarkable recovery from the troubles of a few years ago. Trade is doing very well indeed. In fact, the revenue of the colony is approaching the best years before the troubles. We anticipated a deficit last year and had a surplus. This year, we expect a much larger surplus, perhaps as high as \$2,000,000."

"Our relations with the Chinese are very good, indeed. General Li Tsai Hsin did me the courtesy to send Mr. Chu Chao Hsin to see me off when I left Hong Kong. The Canton Government wants to be on a cordial basis with us, and we naturally fully reciprocate."

"General Li Tsai Hsin seeks to maintain order in Kwangtung province and all the officials are working hard for the rehabilitation of the southern province. Kwangtung has been free from war for some time and I understand that they are doing remarkably well in that province. If the Canton officials succeed in suppressing brigandage and piracy in Kwangtung, that is a start in this direction."

(Continued on next column.)

ARMS AT ABERDEEN.

CARGO OF PISTOLS AND AMMUNITION.

SEVERE SENTENCE ON BOATWOMAN.

At the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon three Chinese boat women appeared before Mr. R. E. Lindell and Major C. Willson, charged with unlawful possession of arms. The pistols and ammunition were found on the first defendant's dinghy which was searched by a Chinese detective at Aberdeen on the 10th inst. at about midnight.

The munitions were in eight baskets each of which contained two sacks filled with them. There were 268 French automatic pistols; 108 automatic pistols of 7.65 calibre; 27 Jupiter automatic pistols; 5 French automatic pistols of 6.35 calibre; 35 large pistols; and 8 Mauser pistols. There were 34,189 rounds of ammunition for arms of 7.65 calibre; 491 rounds of ammunition for 6.25 pistols; 33,555 rounds for 6.25 pistols and 10,943 rounds for Mauser pistols.

Sergt. Hopkins appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. A. E. Hall, who was for the defendants, entered a plea of "not guilty."

At the opening of the case, Sergt. Hopkins applied for permission to withdraw the charge against the third defendant as there was insufficient evidence to ask for a conviction.

The third defendant was accordingly discharged.

Dinghy's Suspicious Behaviour.

Kwong Heung, the Chinese detective who arrested the defendants, said that on the night in question he was on duty at Aberdeen, and called two Chinese constables to assist him search the junks in harbour. They rowed to a small island just East of Naphrican Island where he noticed a dinghy being rowed from the West. As soon as the rower noticed them they began to quicken the stroke and row towards the island. Witness at once suspected something was wrong and gave chase. On coming alongside he found that the rower was a woman, and looking over the dinghy he saw two baskets in the stern, and noticed that the bow was covered in with canvas. He asked what the contents were, but was told to look for himself. On opening up the woman who said that the arms belonged to two men who had just gone ashore. She also told the witness that her sister-in-law had engaged her to carry the cargo. She denied knowledge of the contents. A thorough search of the dinghy revealed six more baskets of arms in the fore part of the boat.

The first defendant rowed them to a house boat where they found two aged women. Her sister-in-law was not there but on returning they discovered her and she admitted that she had brought two men to the first defendant's dinghy. The two men had engaged her boat at Aberdeen.

The Defence.

The facts of the case were not challenged by the defence and Mr. Hall remarked that his defence was that his clients did not know the nature of the contents of the baskets.

Sergt. Hopkins then told the Court that on receiving information of the seizure he went, with the Chinese detective, and searched the third defendant's boat. He noticed that the third defendant suddenly hid a few pairs of stockings behind her back. He took these, and examining them they were similar to the stockings in which the ammunition had been packed.

The Magistrate, however, remarked that the third defendant had already been discharged, and that the witness's evidence was irrelevant. The Magistrate held that there was no evidence against the second defendant of possession of arms. The only evidence which connected her with the case was her introduction of the two men to the first defendant—her sister-in-law. She had rowed the two men to the latter's dinghy, but it is not known whether she carried the arms along with her on the trip.

The second defendant was then discharged.

The first defendant then went into the witness box and said that after being introduced to the two men by her sister-in-law she was engaged to row them to a junk near Aberdeen dockyard. There some cargo was transferred on to the dinghy, and she was ordered to row back to Naphrican Island. The two men then went ashore saying that they would hire coolies to land the cargo. She

(Continued on next column.)

ROUND THE POLICE COURTS.

KOWLOON CYCLISTS FINED.

MAGISTRATE'S WARNING.

Every effort is now being made by the Traffic Department of the Kowloon police to put an end to the reckless cycling which has been so much in evidence during the past few weeks.

Two more Chinese youths appeared before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy for reckless cycling in Nathan Road. One lad was sign-tagging round Nathan Road, and was very nearly knocked down by a bus. He was arrested by Sergt. Baysting who happened to see the incident.

Defendant was fined \$7 with the alternative of seven days' hard labour.

The second defendant was stated to have been learning to ride in Nathan Road, about the last place in Kowloon for a novice. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$5 and warned the defendant to keep away from busy thoroughfares.

HEROIN PILLS FOR SMOKING.

A Chinese who was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy with unlawful possession of 49 heroin pills pleaded guilty. C. P. O. Clarke, who made the arrest at the Taiping ferry boat produced an unique pipe which he explained was used for the purpose of smoking these pills. The method was very much similar as for opium, but the pipe had a little hole bored in the side which was just big enough to take one of the heroin pills. It was stated that at the time of his arrest the defendant threw two tins overboard, which probably contained opium.

The Magistrate remanded the defendant on bail of \$1,000 pending the receipt of the report from the Government Analyst.

WATER FRONT "CHARACTER" PUNISHED.

A Chinese, described as a well known character whose practice was to hang around the wharves of the waterfront and act as an opium carrier was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy. C. P. O. Clarke told the Magistrate that the defendant's movements were under observation on the 15th instant, and he was arrested in Eastern Street. Round his waist they found 40 tins of opium. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$2,500 with the alternative of six months' hard labour.

ORPHAN'S EXCUSE FOR STEALING.

A young Chinese appeared before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy for stealing a pair of trousers from outside a house in To Kwa Wan.

Sub-Inspector James said that the defendant was stopped by a constable and when searched was found to have a pair of trousers concealed under his jacket. Enquiries were made and the trousers were found to have been stolen from the complainant's house.

The defendant said that he was an orphan with no fixed abode and was obliged to steal.

The Magistrate ordered the defendant to receive seven strokes with the cane, and remarked that he should be taken to the Boys' Club in Hong Kong.

remained on the spot, but it was not long after when the police came. She denied all knowledge of the contents of the cargo.

"Benefit Of The Doubt."

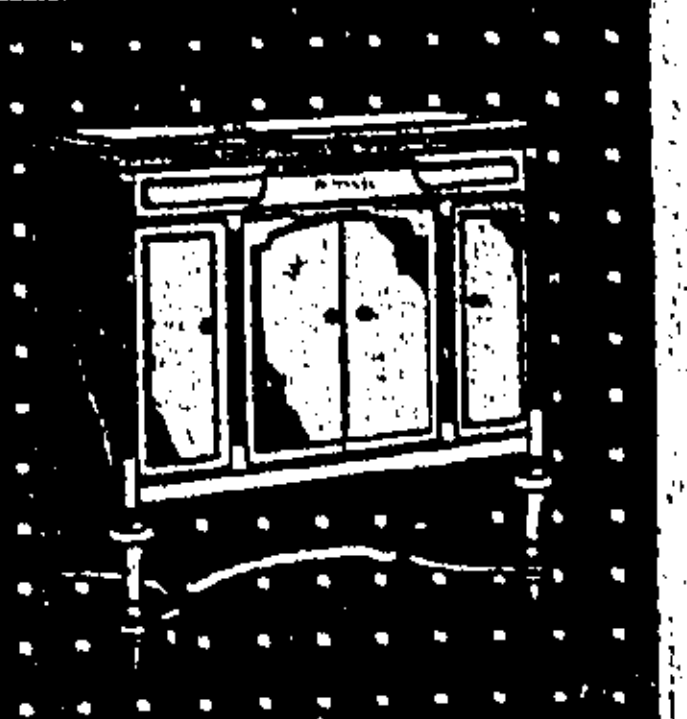
Mr. Hall, in his submission to the Magistrate, remarked that the sacks were securely tied, and that it was not the first defendant's business to inquire what they contained; moreover, they were transferred to her boat at night. She had given her explanation as to why she did not know the contents of the sacks.

Mr. Lindell: "Anyhow she was rather well paid for it."

Mr. Hall: "Yong Workshop, no doubt, has already made-up your mind."

Continuing his submission, Mr. Hall said that the second defendant was the person who introduced his client to the two men, and she assisted the police in every way possible to find them. Mr. Hall finally claimed that his client should be "given the benefit of the doubt."

Mr. Lindell: "It has been agreed to pass a sentence of three years' hard labour for the defendant. The dinghy and the arms are to be confiscated."



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ANONYMOUS "PATRIOTS."

ANTI-JAPANESE LETTERS.

CHINESE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE DISREGARD THEM.

There is a sense of patriotism inherent in every man but the mode of expressing it differs with each individual. Elsewhere in this issue we publish a telegram received by a prominent local Chinese merchant from his agent in Kobe stating how a Chinese there felt it was his duty to avenge the Tainan Sino-Japanese clash and he carried out this duty by stabbing eleven Japanese to death. The man took his own life to escape the penalty of the law.

In direct contrast to this man there are at least eleven Chinese, apparently residing in the Colony, who prefer to work under ground. Each of these eleven men sent an anonymous letter to the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce asking that body to get together and organise a stringent boycott against the Japanese.

They even suggested that the Chamber should wire to all parts of China calling for a boycott against Japanese goods, but it is interesting to note that no money was enclosed in the letters to defray the cable expenses, neither did any of the writers offer their services or money in support of their country.

Mr. Li Yau Tsun, Chairman of the Chamber, at a meeting held yesterday, said after the first letter had been read that they need not trouble themselves with the rest, as he would not like to associate himself with patriots of that calibre. If those anonymous writers, he continued, had thought that by sending these letters they had justified themselves in the eyes of their countrymen and the world generally, they were grossly mistaken. There was a duty before all true patriots of China—and that was to work for the rehabilitation of China and not to bring more chaos, which would be the inevitable result if China lost her head at the present crisis.

Mr. Ho Yu suggested that the Chamber should send a telegram to the Chamber at Tainan enquiring as to conditions in the city and condoling with them in their losses.

This was agreed to.

U.S. VISITORS TO EUROPE.

"I think there is ample justification for expecting that this will be the busiest passenger season since the war."

This statement was made by Mr. P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Mercantile Marine Company, when he landed at Southampton from the *White Star liner Olympic*.

Mr. Franklin added: "I am convinced that this war has done more to bring England and the Continent than for many years."

CANTON QUIET.

5 MINUTES' SILENCE FOR
TSINAN CASUALTIES.ATHLETICS TO REPLACE
POLITICS FOR
STUDENTS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, May 16th.

Canton is quiet, despite all talk of an anti-Japanese boycott. One of the Chinese officials agreed that he had heard that some Japanese women and children had left Canton for Hong Kong, but he did not think they had need to do so.

The Canton Kuomintang has proposed that at noon, on Friday, a silence of five minutes shall be observed in the city. All work in factories and other activities are to cease upon the firing of a signal gun from the Hill of the Goddess of Mercy. This is to be done in memory of all Chinese who lost their lives in the recent troubles in Tsinan.

There has been a rumour among the Chinese that the Canton Hospital, one of the oldest institutions of its kind in China, is being offered for sale, inquiry shows that there is nothing or very little in the report. The Hospital, an international missionary enterprise at Canton, was forced to close some two years ago during the "Red" régime and it has remained closed ever since. Among the trustees of the institution think that it should now be re-opened, and Dr. Paul J. Todd, formerly dean of the Kung Yee and the Sun Yat Sen University Hospitals is mentioned among local physicians as the man best qualified to undertake the work of re-starting the hospital.

Mr. J. F. Brennan, British Consul-General at Canton, is spending a few days in Hong Kong and saw Mrs. Brennan off home on the *Patroclus*, which left Hong Kong for Europe last Wednesday. Mr. Brennan himself is due for leave in about a year's time.

STUDENT ATHLETIC
ACTIVITIES.

Canton student activities are now being directed less to politics and more to athletics and sports. Many college and university students are preparing for a provincial sports meeting to be held next November, and if the offer of the Chinese National Amateur Athletic Federation, Shanghai, is accepted, Canton will hold in July a national athletic meeting. Plans have been drawn up for the completion of a recreation ground on the East Parade Ground in connection with the Canton International Sports and Race Club, and a committee is being organized to arrange the details under the auspices of the Canton Branch of the Chinese National Amateur Athletic Federation.

From May 23rd to 25th, the Sun Yat Sen University campus will be the scene of sports for all public school children of the city. For several months the boys and girls in the public schools have been training for the meeting, and the competition among the 60 or more primary grade children will be very keen.

An athletic board composed of leading professors of the Sun Yat Sen University has been appointed by the President of the University to advise and assist the director of physical training. One of the resolutions passed by the board is that no student will be given a literary degree, unless he is also able to pass a test in one of the many sports or games now being played at the institution. Practically every member of the sports board has been proficient in some branch of sports.

\$300 A DAY.

TOLLS FROM THE KEE-KWAN
MOTOR ROAD.

The Kee-Kwan Highway, in Chung Shan Yuen (new name for Heungshan), is proving a veritable gold mine, says the *Canton Gazette*. The road was constructed by private enterprise, and a toll is charged on all traffic. Ten cents is the fee for bicycles and rickshaws, while the "automobile" contributors twenty cents.

Results so far show that the backers' highest expectations have been exceeded. The ricksha traffic has fallen off slowly, but the

(Continued on next column.)

CHANG TSO LIN'S
TELEGRAM.

THE FULL TEXT.

ORDERS TO HIS "VIC-
TORIOUS" TROOPS.

DEPRECATES COMMUNISM.

The following is the full text of the circular telegram issued by Marshal Chang Tso Lin from Peking on May 6th announcing a temporary cessation of the civil war in view of the critical international situation that had arisen as the result of the Tsinan affair:—

"I have always apprehended that civil war might impair the friendly relations between China and other nations," he says. "Unfortunately incidents have happened at Canton, Hankow, Nanking and Tsinan. In view of the situation I have ordered my troops to cease hostilities in order to save the country."

"It is highly regrettable that foreigners have been involved in our domestic struggles. If this state of affairs is allowed to continue, I shall be unable to face the whole nation as well as the friendly Powers. In view of this situation I have ordered my victorious troops at Changchun and along the Shansi Railway to cease hostilities immediately."

Political Future Must Rest With
People.

"As regards national politics, I will not be insistent if our people can agree on a fair and impartial decision. The question of right or wrong rests with the people."

"I have been in military service since my youth. As an old resident in Manchuria I know perfectly well the evil influence of communism and the preventive measures taken by other nations. Indeed, I feel that my personal experience in that line qualifies me for a better view of the whole question than many prominent men of the country."

"Civil war has been going on for several years since the Communists attempted to ruin the country."

"The South-Eastern Provinces in China have repeatedly undergone indescribable sufferings, of which I have heard a good deal, invariably with a feeling of pain."

"I could not bear to see the bolshevization of the nation and, responding to the call of Providence, I determined to lead my troops in a campaign against Bolshevism."

"From the beginning I declared that I would regard my personal foes as friends if only they concurred with me in the suppression of Bolshevism. On the other hand, I made up my mind to deliver a decisive blow to communism with a view to its total elimination. Wherever my troops went strict orders were issued for the maintenance of discipline and for the protection of the lives and property both of Chinese and foreigners, for I have always apprehended that civil war might affect diplomatic relations and thereby impair China's friendly relations with the Powers."

Come To Our Senses.

"Knowing that certain traitors, deeply imbued with the idea of communism and ignorant of the consequences in its wake, were sure to bring havoc to the country, I considered the extermination of communism and extreme caution in diplomatic dealings as the sole means of attaining our independence."

"At present there seems to be no end to civil strife and the ship of State is sinking rapidly. I hope the people will come to their senses and save the country from destruction. This, briefly, is my appeal, and I hope to hear from you all."

(signed) "CHANG TSO LIN."

modern automobile is making full use of the road. Automobile traffic is increasing rapidly, and since the toll on automobiles is the highest the income from the road is mounting in no uncertain fashion.

A modest estimate places the daily receipts at over 300 dollars, which means a monthly income of over \$9,000, or \$108,000 a year.

This road was only recently opened to traffic. It was designed to connect up Macao with the city of Shekhi in Chinese territory. So far the first section of the road only has been finished, but the other sections are being built, and promoters expect to do very well out of them.

This road is in the Heungshan district, but the name "Heungshan" has been changed to "Chung Shan Yuen" in honour of the memory of the revered leader.

CHINESE CHAMBER
OF COMMERCE.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD.

THIRTY-ONE TRADE GUILDS
REPRESENTED.

The annual meeting of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday in the Board Room of the Chamber at Connaught Road. Mr. Li Yau Tsun was in the chair and he was supported by Mr. Li Yik Mui (Vice-Chairman), and Mr. Ip Lan Chuen (Secretary). Among others present at the meeting were Messrs. T. N. Chau, Chan Pik Chuen, Lo Cheung Shin, M. K. Lo, Ho Lu, Ho Leung, Chau Tung Sang, Leung Pat Yue, Tong Yat Chuen, Au Sui Cho, Tang Sui Kin, Low Sing Chong, Au Yau Man Hing, Lee Hoi Tung and J. M. Wong.

Reports And Accounts.

The reports and accounts showed that the Chamber now represented 18 district Chambers of Commerce, and 31 Trade Guilds.

Last year's income amounted to \$34,336.63 and the expenditure totalled to \$34,149.43.

The total assets of the Chamber including building and property stood at \$174,000.69.

Reports of the matters coming up for discussion will be found under separate headings.

HOUSING EMPLOYEES
WITHOUT A LICENCE.CHINESE BUSINESS HOUSES
SUMMONED.

NOMINAL FINES IMPOSED.

Representatives from a number of Chinese business houses in Des Voeux Road Central appeared before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy yesterday morning on summonses for housing a large number of employees on their premises without a licence from the Secretary for Chinese Affairs. The offence was described in the summons as keeping a 6th class boarding house without a licence.

Mr. D. L. Strellett, appearing for the Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Co., said that his clients had some doubt whether a licence would be required for their premises as they were housing the employees at the Company's expense and the system resembled an ordinary household employing a large number of servants rather than a common boarding house. He explained that a Sergeant visited the premises and issued what was understood to be a warning, but a summons was served on the Company the next day. The Company had since written to the S.C.A. explaining the matter. Mr. Strellett added that if any offence had been committed it was purely of a technical nature and did not merit a fine.

In answer to the Magistrate, Sergeant Haywood, of the S.C.A., said that no general warning had been issued, but a case which came before the Court some time ago apparently had no effect on the defendants.

Mr. Lindell said that a case was heard some two months ago, and full publicity was given by the English papers and probably by the Chinese press as well.

A fine of \$2, the cost of the licence, was imposed by his Worship.

Mr. W. D. Owen, appearing for the Sun Company on a similar summons, asked for an adjournment, pointing out that his clients had written to the S.C.A. on the matter and were awaiting a reply. A week's adjournment was granted.

Five other firms, the Lai Wah Company, Bakilly Company, Wing On Company, New Chan Kwong Company, and Hong Kong and Shanghai Company were fined \$2 each.

"PATRIOTIC" CHINESE
RUNS AMOK.STABS ELEVEN JAPANESE
TO DEATH.

GHASTLY AFFAIR IN KOBE.

A telegram was received by a Chinese merchant at Nan Pak Hong from his agent in Kobe to the effect that a Chinese felt so deeply incensed at the "brutalities" of the Japanese to his compatriots in Tsinan that he seized a dagger and running into the street started to stab every Japanese he met. After killing eleven Japanese, said the telegram, the man committed suicide by shooting himself.

POWERS OF A
MORTGAGEE.TENANT'S PRECARIOUS
POSITION?MR. WITCHELL SUED FOR
MISSE PROFITS.

LEGAL ARGUMENTS.

Legal arguments of very real interest and importance to tenants and leaseholders in the Colony were heard yesterday when the case in which the Banque de l'Indo-Chine is claiming \$1,000 as misse profits from Mr. J. H. Witcheil, manager of the King Edward Hotel, was continued at the Summary Court before Mr. P. Jacks (Acting Puisne Judge).

The claim arose from Mr. Witcheil's tenancy of a house at North Point known as Badger Villa, from a Chinese at a monthly rental of \$123. It was stated for the defence that Mr. Witcheil at the time did not know that the premises were mortgaged. He took possession from the landlord after an arrangement had been arrived at whereby Mr. Witcheil was to do necessary repairs to the building, and what he spent would be set-off against the rent.

Mr. Witcheil, according to evidence given at a previous hearing, had expended \$1,341 on repairs, and had also advanced \$350 to the landlord. He occupied the premises for twelve months, the rentals during that period amounting to \$1,500. Some months before his lease expired he was acquainted with the fact that the villa was mortgaged to the Bank.

The plaintiffs (the Bank) now claimed \$1,000 misse profits from the defendant arising out of defendant's occupation of the house from April, 1927, to March 16th, this year. The plaintiffs in support of their claim said that the lease made between the mortgagor and the tenant was void and null to them, as they were mortgagees having the sole right to lease the property and also the right to evict any tenant they chose.

Mr. D. L. Strellett is appearing for the defendant, and Mr. M. M. Watson represented the plaintiffs. Legal arguments were heard on both sides at yesterday's proceedings. Mr. Strellett said that it would undoubtedly be a great surprise and cause much consternation to tenants and leaseholders in the Colony if they realised that their landlords could mortgage a property and put them at any moment at the mercy of the mortgagee with regard to eviction, claims for misse profits and other claims which might arise out of such action.

Mr. Strellett submitted that according to Common Law a lease made by the mortgagor was good against anybody except the mortgagee. If a tenant had entered into such a lease with a mortgagor, he could not evade his liability even if he discovered that there was a mortgage. The tenant would, however, be in a very precarious position. The mortgagee would be entitled to distrain and also to obtain all the ordinary remedies of the landlord. The mortgagee could also make his appearance and instruct the tenant not to pay the rent to the mortgagor. What could the tenant do? Mr. Strellett asked. The trembling tenant, he said, would be compelled to continue paying his rent to the mortgagor, in view of the lease he had made, although the danger of his position had been made clear to him by the notice of the mortgagee.

Mr. Strellett further contended that the mortgagor had a perfect right to make the agreement, and that the lease in question was a valid one. That there was no evidence that the mortgagees in this case had given notice of their intention to intervene in August.

He submitted that the Bank had adopted the tenancy on the original terms and if they had adopted that tenancy they could not turn round later and accuse Mr. Witcheil of being a trespasser.

Plaintiffs' Points.

For the plaintiffs, Mr. Watson said he first of all wished to remove the impression that the Bank was getting something for nothing from the work done by Mr. Witcheil. That was not so. The Bank could have done the repairs and added to the security of the mortgage. The fact that someone else had effected the repairs did not affect the position of the Bank in the slightest.

(Continued on next column.)

SALT SMUGGLING.

OVERZEALOUS POLICE?

TRADERS WHO GOT MORE
THAN THEY WANTED.

The question as to how to combat the common practice of smuggling salt was raised at a meeting held by the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce yesterday. It is more complicated than might be supposed.

It appears that there is no restriction or duty in the Colony on the importation or exportation of salt; but in Kowloon, Kwang Chow Wan and other West River ports, a heavy duty is levied on this commodity. It has therefore dawned upon a body of not too scrupulous Chinese that there was large profit to be made if salt could be smuggled into those ports from Hong Kong.

The smugglers work in collusion with members of ship's crews and large consignments of salt find a way on board every out-going steamer. They very often succeed in landing the contraband at one or other West River port, but on a few occasions consignments have been seized. Once the salt is discovered on board any steamer, no one claims ownership with the result that the Chinese Authorities detain the steamer indefinitely—or until the matter is thrashed out.

Owners of West River steamers have sustained severe losses on account of these delays, and they have appealed through Mr. T. N. Chau, for police assistance for the captain of any steamer who is honestly trying to prevent anyone taking salt aboard.

Mr. Chau was able to enlist the assistance of the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, Captain Superintendent of Police, who has issued an order to the effect that police officers and searchers on duty at the wharves are to assist ship masters and to help to remove any salt which has been secretly stowed away on board a vessel.

A Letter From The Salt Guild.

A letter from the salt guild was read out at the meeting yesterday to the effect that since this proclamation had been in force, salt had ceased to be a free commodity. The letter alleged that police constables had gone so far as to seize any salt which they saw being carried about the street. The constables even went so far as to prevent salt from being loaded on any vessel in a legitimate manner. The Salt Guild complained that their business was being jeopardised and asked the Chamber to intervene on their behalf.

The Chinese General Chamber of Commerce was thus placed in an awkward position. While they wish to give protection to the ship owners, who are members of the Chamber, they found that they also had to give protection to the Salt Guild, which is also a member of the Chamber.

Mr. Chau, on behalf of the ship owners, said that in making the Hon. Mr. Wolfe for assistance, he did not do so with the intention of hindering the business of the Salt Guild. The proclamation read, in English, to the effect that the police would assist ship masters if they did not desire to have salt placed on board their vessels. If the constables had exceeded their duty, he was in no way responsible.

As the matter was a triangular affair, it was decided that a representative from the Chamber, one from the Salt Guild and another from the shipowners call on Mr. Wolfe to-day to discuss the matter.

The lack of a definite figure, Mr. Watson said, was most important because if the landlord claimed against the defendant and if the defendant wanted to make a set-off, he would have to do it in the form of a counter-claim. The accounts would then have to be examined. At the present moment, said Mr. Watson, Mr. Witcheil was not able to say what that amount was.

Mr. Watson added that the Bank demanded the rent in January from Mr. Witcheil which was not paid. That was all that was required by the Bank. All they had to do now was to bring the fact to the mind of Mr. Witcheil that the plaintiffs were claiming the rent. The Bank was therefore entitled to the rents for January, February and March. He quoted authorities to show that Mr. Witcheil was liable to pay such rent again to the mortgagees.

Mr. Watson argued that there was no evidence to show that the Bank had agreed to renew the tenancy or to adopt it. He went on to say that the Bank was not concerned with the agreement between Mr. Witcheil and the landlord. Furthermore, Mr. Witcheil could not make such a set-off. He could only do so when he had an interest in land and not by a personal contract. Mr. Witcheil's avenue for relief, Mr. Watson said, was to proceed against the landlord.

Judgment was reserved.

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4547 ME AND JANE IN A PLANE

JUST A LITTLE WHITE HOUSE

4548 MY HEART STOOD STILL

LUCKY DAY

9236 OH, KAY, MEDLEY

POPULAR SONGS MEDLEY

9219 LAYTON AND JOHNSTONE MEDLEY

PARTS 1-2

The
Anderson Music Co. Ltd.

GENERAL ACCIDENT, FIRE & LIFE

ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

By Appointment

By Appointment

THANK GOODNESS I AM INSURED!

For Full Particulars of Accident Insurance, Apply to the Agents—

JAMES H. BACKHOUSE LTD.

14, CHANCERY ROAD (Opp. Police)

(4-4)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REUTERS, LIMITED.

M. H. G. MENDE is Appointed MANAGER of our Hong Kong Branch from MAY 21st, in the absence of Mr. J. E. HENRY, On Leave.

REUTERS, LIMITED.
W. TURNER,
General Manager in the Far East.
[6262]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIPTION GRIFFINS
1928/1929.

LISTS are NOW OPEN for MEMBERS to Subscribe for SUBSCRIPTION GRIFFINS for Season 1928/1929 and have been posted at the Race Course, Stanley (Causeway Bay), Hong Kong Club, and Secretary's Office.

By Order,
H. R. FORSYTH,
Acting Secretary
Hong Kong, 15th May, 1928. [6259]

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate No. 3467 dated 30th January, 1900, for 25 Shares of this Company Numbered 2481-2485 registered in the Name of Mrs. MARION LEGGE has been LOST or DESTROYED, and should this Certificate not be produced to the Company before the 17th JUNE, 1928, a New Certificate for the said Shares will be issued, and the Old Certificate No. 3467 will be thereafter treated by this Company as Null and Void.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers,
Hong Kong, 11th May, 1928. [6241]

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 21st Day of MAY, 1928, at 3 P.M. at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of BROWN LAND at Shamshui, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of the Land at the time, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Regulatory No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in square feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	New Lot 1183.	Adjoining New Kowloon Lot No. 624 & 625, Tai Wai Street, Shamshui.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	740	52	9,203
		As per sale plan.				[6258]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

ACTION No. 207 of 1925.

BETWEEN
THE YUE HONG BANK
Plaintiff,
AND
FUNG SAU YU and TSE
LUI CHUNG trading as
THE MAN SHING BROS.
Firm.
Defendants.

By Order of the Supreme Court.

PARTICULARS and CONDITIONS of SALE of the following property namely all the right title and interest of the Defendant, FUNG SAU YU in the Valuable Properties situate at TSUN WAN, New Territory in the Colony of Hong Kong and known as

- 1.—D.D. 432 TSUN WAN LOT No. 233.
- 2.—D.D. 433 TSUN WAN LOT No. 8.
- 3.—D.D. 434 TSUN WAN LOT No. 14 and Extension.
- 4.—D.D. 449 TSUN WAN LOT No. 1 R.P.
- 5.—D.D. 433 TSUN WAN LOT No. 3 R.P.

PUBLIC AUCTION IN ONE LOT ON FRIDAY, THE 25th DAY OF MAY, 1928, AT 3 O'CLOCK P.M.

By
MR. E. V. M. B. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer
AT THE
CHINA AUCTION ROOMS,
4, DUNDRELL STREET, VICTORIA,
HONG KONG.

For further Particulars Apply to—
MISS MRS. HASTINGS, DEBRYE & BOWLEY,
Solicitors for the Vendor or to
MR. E. V. M. B. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer,
Hong Kong, 16th May, 1928. [6255]

INTIMATIONS.

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Undersecretary on THURSDAY, the 17th MAY, 1928, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Agents, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended the 31st DECEMBER, 1927.

The SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 3rd to the 17th MAY, 1928, Both Days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Agents,
Hong Kong, 26th April, 1928. [6172]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-FIFTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Society will be held at the Head Office, Union Buildings, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 25th MAY, 1928, at 11 O'CLOCK A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st DECEMBER, 1927, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society will be CLOSED from 9th MAY to 25th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager,
Hong Kong, 1st May, 1928. [6205]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-NINTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Union Buildings, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 25th MAY, 1928, at 11.15 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st DECEMBER, 1927, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th MAY to 25th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager,
Hong Kong, 1st May, 1928. [6206]

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Union Buildings, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 25th MAY, 1928, at 11.20 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st DECEMBER, 1927, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th MAY to 25th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager,
Hong Kong, 1st May, 1928. [6207]

G. R. SALE OF H.M.S. "WOODLARK."

FOR SALE AT SHANGHAI—H.M.S. Gunboat "WOODLARK" built by Messrs. THORNCRONK of Southampton, England. Length 148', Breadth 24', Draught 9', Displacement 150 tons, I.H.P. 550, Speed 9 knots, 2 Sets Compound Engines and 2 Thornycroft Boilers. As she now lies at Shanghai, Armament, 4 Driven Gunboats, 2 4-inch guns, and all Stores will be removed before Sale. If required for further Service the Ship can be sold to British Nationals only. If bought for breaking up the Ship to be completely broken up within 12 Months from Date of Purchase. The Ship may not be resold without the previous written consent of the British Admiralty. Bidders which must be Open for Acceptance by 4th JUNE, 1928, should be sent to the Undersecretary by Noon on 21st MAY, 1928. The Tenders should be in Sealed Covers addressed to the Undersecretary and marked on the outside "TENDER for 'WOODLARK'." A Deposit of 10% of the Amount Tendered must accompany Tender. On Acceptance of an Offer the Buyer to pay the Balance and take Delivery Within 1 Week of Acceptance. All Charges to be for the Account of Buyers from Date of Delivery. Permits to inspect the "WOODLARK" may be obtained from the Undersecretary. The Highest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

B. J. LITTLEDALE,
British Naval Officer,
H.M.S. "WOODLARK,"
Shanghai.

Enquiries should be addressed to NAVAL STORE OFFICER, H.M. NAVAL YARD, Hong Kong. [6254]

INTIMATIONS.

NOTICE.

WE have THIS DAY authorized Mr. G. U. DA ROCHA and Mr. L. A. DA ROCHA to Sign Our Firm Jointly For Procurement.

J. M. DA ROCHA & Co.
Hong Kong, 15th May, 1928. [6252]

FOR SALE.

NEWSPAPER PRINTING MACHINE. In thoroughly Good Order. Capable of Printing Four Pages at One Time of the Average Size Newspaper.—Apply Box 6117, c/o Daily Press Office. [6117]

TO LET.

A FLAT in HUMPHREYS BUILDINGS, KOWLOON.—Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [6201]

TO LET—OFFICES, First Floor, Asiatic Building, Excellent Position. Facing PRINCE STREET.—Apply: A.P.C. (S.O.), Ltd. [6217]

NEWLY FURNISHED 5 Roomed BUNGALOW, Macao, China. TO LET for 6 Months from 1st JUNE. Moderate Rental to Suitable Tenant.—Apply: Box No. 6133, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6133]

WANTED.—An European OFFICE ASSISTANT, 25 to 30 Years of Age with Good Business Experience, Knowledge of Book Keeping Essential. Good Prospects for a Suitable Man.—Apply Box 6261, c/o The Hong Kong Daily Press. [6261]

WHY Continue to suffer when you reach—rheumatism, Catarrh, Arthritis, Bronchitis, Cough, Constipation, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, and many other diseases? No Drugs! Purely Chinese Herbs.

FOO ON HERBS CO.,
66, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 1st Floor.

NEW SHOPS TO LET

46/50, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.

OFFICES TO LET

DAVID HOUSE.

APPLY TO
S. J. DAVID & CO.
DAVID HOUSE,
67/69, DES VOGES ROAD CENTRAL.

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.

APPEARANCE is Everything to a Woman and Certainly Permanent Hair Waves done by Mrs. BETEN (late of Hong Kong Hotel), improve this Greatly.—2 PRINCE BUILDING, Kowloon. Tel. K. 945. [6242]

FLATS TO LET.—At CANNA, BUILDINGS, NATHAN ROAD, Kowloon, No. 2, Second Floor, (Corner), No. 3, Ground Floor, No. 4, Ground Floor, At JORDAN ROAD, Kowloon, No. 3, Second Floor, No. 5, First Floor.—Apply to: KAYAMALLY & CO. [6245]

HOUSE TO LET. Six Rooms, Beautifully Situated at 1,600 Foot Level. Rent inclusive \$196. Fully Furnished. Tenant can have Furniture on Easy Terms.—Apply: Box 647, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [647]

HOUSE BOY.—Thoroughly recommended. Last Employer just gone on Home Leave.—Apply: Mrs. COCK, SAITASH KING'S FARM. [6245]

WANTED.—A well educated and refined Young Lady desires position as governess or companion. Very Fond of Children and has no objection to travel.—Please reply to Box 344, c/o Daily Press. [6244]

WANTED.—Position as stewardess on-board Steamers desired by educated Young Lady. Good Sailor.—Replies to Box No. 345, c/o Daily Press. [6245]

INTIMATIONS.



AWARDED 50 GOLD & PRIZE MEDALS.

IT NEVER VARIES!

SOLE AGENTS—
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

PHONE C. 618. [50]

Hong Kong Office: 11, Ice House Street.
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, MAY 17th, 1928.

DR. KOCH AND THE SANITARY BOARD.

DR. KOCH made our blood run cold. As that is a difficult feat in the middle of May we should, we suppose, return our grateful thanks.

How residents must have shivered when they read the terrible indictment of apathy and negligence in the face of devastating diseases which he brought against the officials of this Colony at the meeting of the Sanitary Board. People are dying by hundreds each year from causes which are easily preventable and apparently no one cares a damn. Of course, it is proverbial that Government officials the world over are, hide-bound by convention, swathed in red-tape, slightly imbecile, and willing to perform only the most essential of routine tasks in a very leisurely manner, and we suppose Hong Kong must suffer in this respect as much as other places, but, after all, the Colony has been in existence for nearly a hundred years and it has made some progress. Indeed, we laboured under the impression that it was reasonably healthy and well-kept until Dr. Koch destroyed our illusions and showed us that it was a veritable pest-house.

There is no doubt that improvements could be effected and members of the Legislative Council and the Sanitary Board do valuable public service in pointing out from time to time the directions in which greater activity and vigilance are needed, but nothing is to be gained by exaggeration and Dr. Koch's mistake, we venture to think, was in using a too large canvas for the picture he wished to paint. The Sanitary Board is a very estimable body but it cannot deal satisfactorily with cerebro-spinal meningitis, typhoid, malaria, intestinal complaints, tetanus of the newly-born and the destruction of refuse all in one breath as it were. After the discussion the following resolution was passed:—

"That this Board respectfully suggests to the Authorities the propriety of setting in action investigations into the possibility of devising means for the prevention of the prevalent infectious diseases, such as typhoid, malaria, tuberculosis, etc. It further suggests that such investigations might be undertaken by local medical men under the direction of the Government, and that their reports be published for the guidance of the community."

Three members voted for the resolution and none against it. Obviously no one could vote against such an admirable resolution drawn up in such general terms. It is well meaning, perfectly innocuous and, as far as we can see, will lead nowhere. It will probably be pigeon-holed for future reference, as Dr. Koch suggested, this is the fate which awaits most of the resolutions and reports received by the Government, and then it will be conveniently forgotten. If the Sanitary Board wishes to get things done it should concentrate more on detail, or at any rate be content with taking one step at a time. Discussions on broad questions of policy in a body which has very limited powers will carry scarcely more weight than similar discussions in a debating society.

During the course of his speech Dr. Koch said:

"In my opinion there seems no need for a malaria expert to point out to us what should be done."

We wholeheartedly agree. Is there a proposal on foot to bring in a so-called malaria expert to advise the Authorities here upon the best methods of preventing the diseases? That is what the reference leads us to believe and we should have been glad if Dr. Koch had furnished more precise information. If any such procedure has been mooted it would have been worth while, as we suggested above, for the Sanitary Board to have concentrated upon this one point. Something practical might then have been accomplished even if it amounted to nothing more than preventing the waste of a certain amount of public money. "There are medical officers in the Government Service who have passed through the School of Tropical Medicine and have had experience of Tropical work." The private practitioners here have studied malaria and are fully conversant with local conditions. It is certain that more valuable and practical advice on means of preventing the disease could be obtained from these two sources than from any expert, however, accomplished, who would have to base his report upon hurried investigations carried through during the course of a necessarily short visit to the Colony.

At the Chinese Y.M.C.A. yesterday evening Dr. T. W. Ware gave the last of a series of lectures on malaria. Its cause and prevention. It is hoped that a number of members of the Y.M.C.A. division of the St. John's Ambulance Association will now give similar addresses on the subject in the villages of Hong Kong and the New Territories.

Referring to the submarines which have returned to England with their depot ship, the *Ambrose*, the *China Express* and *Telegraph* says, rumour has it that they may be replaced at Hong Kong by a corresponding number of "O" boats when these are available. Nothing has been decided, however, and the rumour is officially regarded as unlikely to materialize.

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The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending April 28th amounted 118,975 tons, and the sales during the period to 121,235 tons.

Mrs. R. H. Kotewall, wife of the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., who underwent an operation at the Peak Hospital on Tuesday morning is reported to be progressing favourably.

A Chinese about 47 years of age, apparently insane, was found by the Police in Belcher Street acting in an unusual manner. He had cuts on his right eye and lip and was removed to the Government Civil Hospital for observation.

A Chinese was charged yesterday at the Kowloon Magistracy with keeping a gaming house, writing po pu lottery tickets and the possession of 335 of these tickets. He was fined \$100 on the first count, \$25 and \$50 on the second and third counts respectively.

A mother and son were arrested and charged at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday for having in their possession nine po pu lottery tickets. The son was fined \$100, and the mother, who was also charged with keeping a common gaming house, had to pay \$125.

Mr. Franz Kindermann, the representative of a well-known Hamburg export firm, arrived here by the *Empress of Asia* and is staying at the King Edward Hotel. Mr. Kindermann is desirous of establishing new business connections in Hong Kong and South China.

A larceny of jewellery worth about \$2,000 was reported to the Police by a Chinese residing at one of the Chinese hotels in Connaught Road. It appeared that the guest was away from his room when someone entered and broke open his trunk which contained the jewellery. No arrests have been made.

Mr. Christopher Morley, author of the delightful "Where the Blue Begins," is about to give a volume of "Translations from the Chinese," says a Home paper. Scholars had better beware, however, since Mr. Morley recently confessed that his knowledge of Chinese has been very largely derived from laundry slips!

Subscriptions toward the fund for the founding of a Chinese Faculty at Hong Kong University reached \$160,000 yesterday. The soliciting committee are untiring in their efforts to raise at least \$300,000 from the Chinese community, and the campaign for funds is being daily carried out until the requisite amount has been obtained.

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PROPERTY SALE.

HOUSE IN TAI YUEN STREET FETCHES \$15,200.

At a property sale held at the auction room of Mr. E. V. M. B. de Sousa yesterday, two houses were offered. The first lot comprised of No. 33, Catchick Street, which stood on an area of 750 square feet of ground, and the Crown lease of which was made in June 29th, 1892 between H.M. Queen Victoria and Sir Paul Chater, and the late Mr. H. N. Mody. The reserved price for this house not having been reached, it was withdrawn from the sale.

Another lot which comprised a parcel of land with an area of 993 square feet, with the messuage, erections and buildings thereon known as No. 62, Tai Yuen Street, was sold to Mr. Chan Chak Hong for \$15,200. This property carries an annual Crown Rent of \$14.44.

HEALTH OF THE COLONY.

ELEVEN SMALL-POX DEATHS LAST WEEK.

A number of small-pox cases continue to be reported and last week there were 11 deaths and eight fresh cases, four of which were imported. Since then there have been five cases reported on Monday and three on Tuesday. All were Chinese.

The returns with regard to other notifiable diseases showed satisfactory small numbers for the week. There was one British case of diphtheria, two Chinese cases of enteric, with one fatality, and one Chinese fatality from cerebro-spinal fever. Two deaths from influenza were also notified.

COLONY'S WATER SUPPLY.

CHINESE COMPLAINTS AND CRITICISMS

RAIN—THE ONLY SOLUTION.

"We can only wait for more rain to come and more reservoirs to be built," said Mr. Li Yau Tsuen, at the meeting of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce yesterday, when a letter was read from a resident who complained of not having had a drop of water from his tap for five days.

The writer of the letter added that he had to buy water from carriers who are now charging from ten to twenty cents a bucket. One member expressed the opinion that if similar restrictions were ever applied to the water supply in England, there would be an outcry from the people.

Another member said that it was a case where the poor suffered most. Houses in Wyndham Street and in other localities where rich people dwell, the restriction was not so strictly applied. It was the same thing with road building. In the districts where there were rich people, the roads were kept in good repair, but in the poorer quarters they were allowed to go to ruin.

JAPAN'S ANXIETY OVER MANCHURIA.

CHINESE UNABLE TO KEEP ORDER IN TSIINAN.

FOREIGN PREPARATIONS IN THE TIENSIN CONCESSIONS.

RAILWAY SEIZED FOR NORTHERN RETREAT.

The *Reuter* report of the demands, made by Japan from the Nationalists, confirms the message received from the vernacular papers yesterday. Later messages, however, also reveal the fact that Japan feels uneasy about possible disturbances in Manchuria, and will insist upon a settlement of all outstanding Manchurian problems at the same time that the settlement of the Tsinan affair is concluded. For the immediate question of the Northern war alone it is important for the Nationalists that the settlement should be speedy, for it is said that they have 100,000 troops in Tsinan, who are not at present allowed to pass through Tsinan to the front.

Though the Japanese quickly handed over the government of Tsinan to the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, they have been compelled to take it into their own control again. This is owing to the numerous outbreaks of looting and brigandage in the city.

Meanwhile in the North, the foreign troops in Tientsin are making all preparations to prevent there being a possibility of any recurrence of such an affair as at Tsinan. Sandbag barricades are being set up round the Concessions, and an order has been issued to the generals of both North and South, warning them that Chinese troops will not be allowed within 20 li of the city.

The Northern retreat is continuing rapidly. Officials and their families are moving to the greater safety of Manchuria, and Marshal Chang Tso Lin has commandeered a number of trains to facilitate the withdrawal of his troops to Shanhaikwan, on the Manchurian border.

JAPAN'S MANCHURIAN POLICY.

SITUATION REVIEWED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, May 16th.

For the time being the situation is considered comparatively safe. Some anxiety, however, is felt over the last clash of Northern and Southern troops in the vicinity of Tientsin and Chefoo, which has resulted in disturbances and has endangered Japanese lives and property.

The main anxiety centres in the development of the situation at Tientsin and Peking, as it is feared that the disturbances may spread to Manchuria.

The Cabinet is meeting this afternoon to consider what steps they will take in this event.

It is learned on the most reliable authority that deliberations will be based on the decisions reached at the China Conference last summer. At this Conference the following principle as a guide for the future was laid down: "If disturbances spread to Manchuria and Mongolia, causing the disruption of peace and order and menacing the special position, rights and interests of Japan, the Government is prepared to take proper measures without loss of time, to defend them, no matter whence the menace comes."

MANCHURIAN QUESTIONS.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

Shanghai, May 16th.

According to information, which has leaked out from the Foreign Legation quarter, the Japanese Government will, in addition to the "five demands" as mentioned yesterday, insist that all unsettled Manchurian problems must be settled to the full satisfaction of Japan before negotiations can be opened for the settlement of the Tsinan incident.

NO CONTROL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, May 16th.

Though the Japanese hoped that the Chinese would be able to undertake the maintenance of peace and order at Tsinanfu unaided, there have been many cases of looting and brigandage within and without the city, owing to inadequate control.

As a consequence it is understood that the Japanese military authorities will take over the administration temporarily.

A WAY THROUGH TSIINAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, May 16th.

The Chief of the General Staff has instructed General Fukuda, the Commander of the Japanese forces at Tsinan, to agree to the Southern request to pass through the city, provided that they accept the demands made yesterday.

Unless permission is granted, about 100,000 Southerners who are at present at Tsinan will be unable to continue their advance northward except by the most circuitous route.

ITALIAN POLAR FLIGHT.

OVER A FROZEN SEA.

MAGNIFICENT VIEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

King's Bay, May 15th.

The airship *Italia* in which General Nobile is to make an attempt to reach the North Pole, has taken off on, it is understood, a three day flight over Greenland and the North Polar regions generally.

LATER.

General Nobile has planned a three days' flight aboard the *Italia* with visits to Greenland, Nicholas the Second Land, and the North Polar regions.

A message from Rome says that General Nobile reports by wireless that he has been flying for 5 1/2 hours from King's Bay over pack ice.

During this time the airship was enveloped in fog for 1 1/2 hours, but, emerging later, it passed at a height of 500 feet over a frozen sea. The views were magnificent.

NOTE TO THE LEAGUE.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

Shanghai, May 16th.

Mr. Chen Lu, Chinese Minister to France, telegraphed to Peking to the effect that the Nanking Government has submitted to the League of Nations the Tsinan Affair. In view of the fact, however, that the Nanking Government is not a member of the League, the Powers consider that the matter is not in order unless the submission comes from Peking. Mr. Chen asks for instructions.

TRAIN'S COMMANDEERED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, May 16th.

A message from Tientsin states that Marshal Chang Tso Lin has ordered the Peking-Hukden and Tientsin-Pukow Railways to suspend goods traffic. They are to send fifteen trains to Peking for the purpose of expediting troops movements.

The Northerners' retreat to prepared positions has so far been carried out smoothly.

Back To Manchuria?

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

Shanghai, May 16th.

It is reported that the main force of the Fengtien troops is retreating towards Shanhaikwan from Tientsin and Peking.

OFFICIALS SEEK SAFETY.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

Shanghai, May 16th.

The number of Fengtien officials, together with their families, who have left Peking to return to Manchuria, up to the 15th inst., is nearly 2,700.

TIENTSIN CONCESSION.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

Shanghai, May 16th.

The number of Fengtien officials, together with their families, who have left Peking to return to Manchuria, up to the 15th inst., is nearly 2,700.

CO-OPERATION.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

Shanghai, May 16th.

Messrs. Wang Chung Hui, Sun Fo, C. C. Wu and Hu Han Min have jointly telegraphed to the Peking Foreign Minister, Mr. Lu Wan Kan, urging the Peking Government to unite with the South against Japan regarding the Tsinan Affair.

U.S. RECEIVE SOUTHERN NOTE.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

Washington, May 16th.

The Nanking Government's message to the President drawing attention to the Tsinan Incident and giving the Nationalist version of the affair, and also protesting against the "Japanese occupation of Shantung" has been received at the White House.

It has been referred to Mr. F. B. Kellogg, the Secretary of State.

MORE TROOP MOVEMENTS.

[NAVY WIRELESS.]

May 15th.

Considerable troop movements are reported from the vicinity of Chungking and Wanchien. Elsewhere there is no change in the situation.

MISSISSIPPI FLOOD PREVENTION.

A GIGANTIC SCHEME.

ENTRUSTED TO ARMY ENGINEERS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

Washington, May 15th.

President Coolidge has signed the Mississippi Control Bill, which commits the Government to the herculean task of curbing the floodwaters and preventing a repetition of last year's disaster.

The scheme when completed will probably be one of the greatest engineering enterprises ever contemplated, and it is estimated that the cost will be over \$20,000,000.

The whole of the lower Mississippi valley, from Cape Girardeau to the Gulf of Mexico, will be affected. The work will be entrusted to army engineers. It includes strengthening the banks, and building three floodways and a spillway, as outlets to carry on excess floodwater to the Gulf of Mexico.

EXPENSES OF THE SUDAN.

EGYPTIAN CHAMBER IN TURMOIL.

WATANISTS ATTACK PREMIER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Cairo, May 16th.

There have been further lively scenes in the Chamber.

In the debate on the Egyptian Government's contribution of £750,000 sterling towards the expenses of the Sudan, which was finally approved, the Watanists opposed the payment. They attacked the Premier, Nahas Pasha, for agreeing to payment prior to obtaining the consent of the Chamber.

Mahommed Pasha Mahmud, the Minister of Finance, explained that the usual procedure was followed, but, owing to his resignation, Nahas Pasha himself assumed the responsibility of sanctioning the payment.

Much confusion ensued, the Watanists and Watanists exchanging acrimonious remarks. Finally the closure was carried.

LITHUANIA'S ANGER.

BEACONS OF PROTEST LIGHTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Kovno, May 16th.

Beacons have been lighted throughout Lithuania as a sign of protest against the Polish occupation of Vilna on the occasion of the national fête to commemorate the declaration of the country's independence.

MARINE INSURANCE LOSSES.

UNDERWRITERS INCREASE RATES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, May 16th.

In consequence of heavy losses in the marine insurance market in recent years, the Institute of London Underwriters announces an increase in the rate on hulls irrespective of ownership or nationality, by ten per cent.

The increase will become operative on the renewal of existing contracts.

PRINCE CAROL'S NEW HOME.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Brussels, May 15th.

M. Joneau, the ex-Prince Carol's Surrey host, has found England's unwelcome guest a home in the Ardennes.

TRAIN WRECKING.

LENGTH OF RAIL TORN UP.

INDIAN TRANSPORTED FOR LIFE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Rangoon, May 16th.

The sequel to the train smash at the end of January occurred at the Sessions here, when Judge Pegu sentenced an Indian, name Kali, to transportation for life. The charge was that of pulling up a length of rail with a view to wrecking the train and causing death.

On a charge of committing dacoity and murder in conjunction with others three other prisoners were acquitted.

[A cable from Rangoon, dated January 28th, stated:—Twenty-two persons are dead as the result of a portion of the Mandalay-Rangoon train crashing over a bridge about 100 miles from here. It has been discovered that a fishplate had been removed from the rails.]

LATER. Hitherto 40 are dead. Foul play is suspected. The victims are mostly Indian Burmans.]

CAPTAIN D'OISY CRASHES.

MISHAP IN BURMA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Akyab, May 16th.

Captain Pelletier D'Oisy crashed in landing on the race course here. He himself was unhurt, but his two mechanics were injured, while his aeroplane was badly damaged.

LATER. It is ascertained that Captain D'Oisy landed successfully, but came to grief after re-starting. He crashed two miles from Akyab.

The two mechanics are in hospital, one of them severely injured.

GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER.

CRISIS OF ILLNESS PAST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Berlin, May 15th.

Dr. Stresemann, the German Foreign Minister, has refused food for three days and is in an extremely weak condition.

The doctors, however, are satisfied that the crisis has passed, and state that after three weeks in bed, he will be able to leave on a holiday. They insist that it must be a long one, and suggest that Egypt would be preferable.

JAPANESE STRIKE SETTLED.

SEAMEN'S DEMANDS GRANTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Osaka, May 16th.

The dispute between the Kawasaki Steamship Company and the Seamen's Union has been settled, the company agreeing to the payment of minimum wages, and also filling vacancies in the crews.

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INDIAN STRIKE SPREADING.

15,000 DOWN TOOLS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Calcutta, May 15th.

The strike fever is spreading seriously, and twenty-two jute presses at Calcutta and Chitpore are now involved.

Hither, fifteen thousand jute workers have downed tools and are demanding increased wages.

INAUSPICIOUS START FOR AIR ROUTE.

PLANE CRASHES IN FLAMES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Peshawar, May 16th.

A new aerial passenger service recently inaugurated between Kabul and Tashkent, has met with an early disaster, one of the planes crashing at Tashkent to-day.

It came down in flames and was completely destroyed by fire. One of the passengers was killed.

ESTHONIAN TRIAL RECALLED.

REVEALING STATE SECRETS.

APPEAL BY BOTH SIDES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Reval, May 16th.

The case of M. Birk, has been taken to the Court of Appeal on the instance of both prosecution and defence. Although acquitted of high treason, M. Birk was found guilty of disobeying the Government's orders.

The prosecution now seeks committal on all charges, while M. Birk seeks absolute acquittal.

[The trial of M. Birk, the former Estonian Minister in Russia, opened on October 27th, 1927, on a charge of disobeying the orders of the Government, and publishing, in the interests of a foreign state, secrets concerning Estonia.]

On November 4th M. Birk was acquitted and released, but was dismissed the service.]

CHEZ VICTOR.

MR. PEROSINO DEPORTED.

FATE OF DANCE CLUB PROPRIETOR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Mr. Victor Perosino, who founded Chez Victor, the fashionable dance club in Grafton-street, London, is leaving England, an order for his deportation having been made by the Home Office.

The club, at which distinguished persons were frequently seen, was raided by the police in November and was later struck off.

Mr. Perosino, who was seen by a *Daily Mail* reporter in his office at Chez Victor, said:

I cannot understand why I am being deported. I was told on March 9th that I should have to leave the country by April 4th, but happily the intervention of friends secured me an extension of ten days to wind up my affairs.

A New Enterprise. When my club was closed I was making arrangements for an open-air restaurant on the Thames Embankment, to be called the Chateau de Madrid, and I was preparing for a summer opening when I was summoned to Vine-street police station and told I must go.

I cannot understand why this action was not taken at the time of the prosecution instead of six months later. I have been in England since 1914 and had a long time to begin to consider myself English. Both my children were born in England and are at school here. I shall open a place somewhere on the Continent which I know will be patronised by English visitors.

Having lived in England so long I regret having to go more than I can say. My children will remain at school in this country.

Mr. Perosino was hopeful that during the extended period of grace an appeal he had made to the Home Secretary, Sir William Joynson-Hicks, would be successful.

In the earlier stages of his career the fortunes of the club were variable. It burst into popularity a year ago when Mr. Perosino announced that dance clubs no longer paid and that he proposed to turn it into a restaurant. The result of this announcement was that members who had not been inside the club for a long time came to take a farewell visit and then rediscovered the excellence of its cooking, orchestra and cabaret artists, and the comfort of its divans.

So great was its success, that on one occasion Mr. Perosino had to go out to the front door and explain apologetically to a distinguished party in a motor-car that there was not a single inch of space unoccupied.

"Stag Parties." It consisted of three floors. The first was the most frequented, being that on which the orchestra played. The second had a little balcony overlooking Grafton-street and was used by people who were not in evening dress. The third was a private room used almost every night of the week by young men, one of whose number was to be married the following day and who was celebrating the fact by a "stag party."

The sequel to the raid on the club was the appearance of Mr. Perosino at Manchester-street Police Court, when he pleaded guilty to four summonses for supplying drink after hours, and also to six other summonses for offences against the Customs and Excise. He was fined £200 and £200 costs.

JAPAN'S FINANCES.

PROGRESS OF BANKING CONSOLIDATION.

RETURN TO THE GOLD STANDARD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Osaka, May 15th.

Outlining Japan's financial position before a joint meeting of the clearing-houses of Japan, Mr. Mitachi, the Finance Minister, said that the readjustment of the affairs of the banks was proceeding satisfactorily. Only thirteen banks had not completed their adjustment.

Banking consolidation has progressed, 134 banks merging last year, and 74 up to date this year. The amalgamation of eighty more was already in sight.

Mr. Mitachi pointed out that Japan's foreign trade was showing a very satisfactory improvement, and he was confident that the weakness in exchange was merely temporary.

He stated that the return to the gold standard was highly desirable, but Japan was not quite ready for its immediate restoration.

Mr. Inouye, the Governor of the Bank of Japan, pointed out that the special assistance rendered by the Bank of Japan to distressed banks amounted to \$70,000,000 yen. When this amount had been considerably reduced, said Mr. Inouye, then the restoration of the gold standard would be possible.

WAR ON RATS.

INTENSIVE CAMPAIGN TO OPEN IN FRANCE.

THE YEARLY BILL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Paris, April 23rd.

A Congress will be opened in Paris next month to organise an official crusade against rats, which have never been so destructive since the days of the Pied Piper. An international anti-rat congress was to have been held at Copenhagen in August, 1914, but had to be postponed, and the rats have been multiplying ever since.

The old Danish proverb, "A rat is more devouring than time," is justified by recent statistics, which show that in France alone the damage and loss caused by the ravages of rats reaches the incredible figure of £40,000,000 per year. If these figures are exact the recent remark of Professor Calmette, of the Institut Pasteur, in a French review that "the rat is about to conquer the world," can hardly be considered fantastic.

Dr. Du Jardin-Beaumais has declared that the rats consume daily 180 tons of food. But the rat not only destroys food and damages buildings—it is also the most active disease spreader of modern times. It was well known in the Middle Ages that the rats spread the dreaded bubonic plague, but modern doctors make it responsible for spreading the germs of many other diseases, from tuberculosis to influenza.

Have, where the Congress will end its session, is the only French town which has seriously tackled the danger. A special "deratisation" department has been created, which slaughters the rats by every possible means, from traps which kill them singly to microbes, which spread virulent disease in their ranks, slaughtering them in battalions.

A New Method. A new method of destroying rats was demonstrated at the Danish Club in Knightsbridge yesterday. The method consists of flooding their runs with sulphur dioxide gas, forced down by means of a special cartridge, fired by an apparatus connected with a long tube.

The demonstration took place with a number of rats caught that morning. The average period elapsed before death supervened was 15 seconds. The "Taboo" Company, of Denmark, is introducing the appliances into this country. The Danish Government have subsidised the invention, and it is now in official use in Denmark. It has been tested by the British Ministry of Agriculture and approved.

6FT. POLICEMEN.

THE CITY RESTORES ITS HEIGHT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Six feet is again the minimum height for recruits to the City Police Force.

The force, whose physique was for long the pride of London and of Londoners throughout the world, lost for a brief period its reputation for possessing only men of a height of 6ft. in its ranks. Men of 5ft. 10in. were admitted when the supply of recruits fell off following an equalisation in the rates of pay throughout the country.

Previously the City Police had been paid a slightly higher rate of pay than even the Metropolitan Police. Now the supply of recruits considerably exceeds the demand.

TENNIS NOTES.

The League continued in full swing last Saturday and no less than sixteen matches were decided. Despite the sultry weather competition was keen although in many matches the successful Clubs won by comfortable margins. Half the number of matches were played in Kowloon, which has become a big factor in the League. Of the teams competing, the following belong to the Peninsula—Kowloon Cricket Club "A," "B" and "C," M.B.K. "A" and "B," Nippon "B" and "C" Club de Recreo, "B" and "C" (3 teams), South China Athletic Association "B" and "C," Filipino Club, Kowloon Indian Tennis Club and Y.M.C.A. Their courts, with the exception of those of the M.B.K., are within a stone's throw of one another so that a trip to Kowloon every week end during the season to those interested in the game will prove pleasant and profitable.

Chief interest centred in the "A" Division tie between Craigengower Cricket Club and the Chinese Recreation Club on the latter's ground. The result, as is now generally known, was a convincing victory for the Chinese who scored twice as many games as their opponents, namely, 66 to 33. Yew Man Kit, who left for Shanghai yesterday, played his last match for the victors whose team is being re-organised now. M. K. Lo and M. W. Lo will continue to play together, while Ng Sze Kwong will partner Ho Ka Lau. These two pairs take some beating and can be considered among the best combinations in the League. For their third pair they will be drawing upon their reserves who are capable and experienced players.

Craigengower never expected to go down so badly to the Chinese. On the run of play and result, they were entirely eclipsed by their opponents. Their supporters were sadly disappointed, but they are now acknowledging that they have little hope of winning the Shield. Craigengower is now making drastic changes in their team. All three pairs are being split and O. Ismail will probably be dropped out of the team. S. A. Hamid, who is expected to fill the vacancy, will then partner H. D. Rumjahn, and Dr. S. A. M. Sopher who has hitherto played with H. D. Rumjahn will partner J. W. Leonard. T. Lay and I. A. Cassimhor make the third pair. The old partnership did not prove satisfactory and it remains to be seen how the new arrangement will work.

M.B.K.'s victory over the Indians in the "A" Division was not unexpected. The latter have a much weakened team this season and have drawn upon the Ismail brothers who dropped out of the League last season. J. S. A. Currie, who turned out for the "B" last season, partnered I. M. Razack. Both pairs, however, lost all their sets and the only couple who held their own against the Japanese was A. H. Rumjahn and S. A. Rumjahn who secured nineteen games. Still the scores ran close and although the M.B.K. had the lead from the start they did not win the match until the last set was decided. At the end of the eighth set, the score stood at 47 games to 41 in favour of M.B.K., but a 10-1 victory by Honda and Akiyama gave the Japanese a comfortable win. Honda and Akiyama appeared in good form and secured 34 games in all, winning their three sets.

University did very well against the Kowloon Cricket Club winning all nine sets and ending up by a difference of 29 games in their favour. In the "B" Division the Chinese Recreation Club beat the Royal Engineers comfortably by 31 games, but it is significant that C. F. Lee, the Secretary, had, however, to take the place of an absent member of the team who was prevented from playing at the last moment. Club de Recreo, last year's runners-up, and the Nippon Club, two of the foremost teams in the "B" met, the former winning, while the Indians beat the M.B.K. Nothing extraordinary took place in the "C" Division.

With regard to the Interport with Shanghai, it is to be regretted that Hong Kong, Ng Sze Kwong and S. A. Rumjahn, who are considered to be the best three Single players at present in the Colony are not making the trip. The Interport will naturally lose much of its interest and from the local point of view, Hong Kong's prospects of winning will be much reduced by their absence. Still an effort is being made for interport revival and with this end in view, Hong Kong will be sending up a team to Shanghai next week. So far Dr. Tottenham, E. C. Fincher, Yew Man Kit and E. A. Redmond have been selected to play. Rev. F. F. W. Alexander will probably join the team. Arrangements will be made in Shanghai as to the nature of the Interport and Dr. Tottenham will probably take charge of the team as well as the arrangements.

COUNTY CRICKET.

HUGE MIDDLESEX SCORE.

MANY CENTURIES.

The sensation of the week-end county cricket was the second innings score of Middlesex, who, following on 340 behind the Hampshire total of 540, put together the immense score of 532 for 3 wickets. Hendren was the highest scorer with 200, and Lee and Haig also passed the century.

The famous Yorkshire pair, Holmes and Sutcliffe, both made centuries, as did Hobbs and Sandham, who put on 253 for no wicket against the West Indies.

Gloucestershire v. Sussex.

Played at Brighton. Gloucestershire won by 8 wickets.

Gloucestershire 330 (Dupper 119, Hollingdale 5 for 53) and 49 for 3 wickets.

Sussex 172, and following on, 202 (Hammond 6 for 62).

Notts v. Somerset.

Played at Nottingham. Notts won by 7 wickets.

Notts 333 and 87 for 3 wickets.

Somerset 159 and following on, 260.

Surrey v. West Indies.

Played at the Oval. Match drawn.

Surrey 235 (Gregory 90) and 233 for no wicket, innings declared closed (Sandham 103, Hobbs 123).

West Indies 318 and 118 for 6 wickets.

Hampshire v. Middlesex.

Played at Lords. Hampshire won on the first innings.

Hampshire 540 (Hosie 106, Kennedy 121, Mead 157).

Middlesex 200 (Hendren 94) and following on, 532 for 3 wickets (Hendren 200, Lee 180, Haig 103 not out).

Yorkshire v. Essex.

Played at Leyton. Yorkshire won on the first innings.

Yorkshire 514 for 6 wickets, innings declared closed (Sutcliffe 120, Holmes 133, Leyland 133).

Essex 228 and following on, 223 for 2 wickets (O'Connor 130 not out).

Kent v. Gloucestershire.

Played at Leicester. Kent won on the first innings.

Kent 255 (Bale 4 for 8) and 311.

Gloucestershire 234 (Ashdown 4 for 9) and 100 for 2 wickets.

Derbyshire v. Glamorgan.

Played at Ilkeston. Glamorgan won on the first innings.

Derbyshire 180 and 314.

Glamorgan 228 (Hills 111) and 103 for 3 wickets.

Lancashire v. Warwickshire.

Played at Birmingham. Lancashire won on the first innings.

Lancashire 340 (Hallows 123) and 233 for 4 wickets, innings declared closed (Hallows 101 not out).

Warwickshire 205 (Iddon 8 for 50) and 231 for 1 wicket (Kilner 137 not out).

BAN ON RED FOOTBALLERS.

PARIS, April 13th.

A Bolshevik football team was due to arrive in Paris this week-end in order to play against certain Labour sporting organisations, but at the last minute the French Embassy in Moscow refused to visa their passports.

With a view to inducing young men to join Communist organisations, the French Communist leaders have been encouraging sport of late, and Moscow had even prepared a plan to hold a series of Olympic Games called Spartaklads.

Dr. F. B. MEYER 81.

PEOPLE BETTER NOW THAN 50 YEARS AGO.

Dr. F. B. Meyer, the Nonconformist leader, celebrated his 81st birthday last month by preaching at the morning and evening services at Christ Church, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E., where he holds the honorary position of Minister Emeritus. He told a reporter:

"I began preaching when I was 17. I am still an optimist. I still believe, as I believed in the early days of my ministry, that what is needed is the human touch."

"I think London is better today than it was nearly half a century ago. This is not due to the Churches, but to a new spirit moving among the people, in a way that is altogether wonderful."

"People say, 'Look at the way some of these girls are carrying on; look at the evils of drink!' I admit these things, but one must judge the state of society by its general tone—not by its exaggerations."

THE SHANGHAI SPRING MEETING.

CHAMPIONS AND THE DERBY DESCRIBED.

WINNERS AND LUCKY NUMBERS OF THE "A" AND "B" SWEEPS.

Shanghai papers arriving yesterday give full descriptions of the Race Club's Spring Meeting last week.

Below we give accounts of the "Derby" and the Champions, won respectively by Alligator and Wheatcroft, and also the draw for the "A" and "B" Champions Sweeps.

The "B" sweep was won by Capt. Evans, formerly of the P. & O., and the "A" sweep by Mr. Veron Clair, an American Exchange broker.

THE DERBY.

The big race of Tuesday was the Derby. On the previous day's running, Cloverland seemed a far more likely winner than Alligator, but he did not flatter at all. They were not long delayed at the gate and got away to a level start, but Tom Pearce immediately broke away and kept the field at a very respectable distance all the way to the Monument. Alligator might have been regarded as finished at the top of the straight, for Haimovitch picked up his whip and let the pony have it, but evidently he was deceived by the pace, for it required very little of an effort for Alligator to come on and win by three lengths, without any other getting near enough to force him. Despite all Tom Pearce's work in the early part of the race, he still was able to resist Election Eve's challenge, though it was a narrow thing.

Old Bill The Popular Favourite. The general public probably would have voted the race for the Siccawap Cup the best of the day. Old Bill was out in a field of five, of which New Zealand and Pat were the big two, with Kilmorey and MacNab to fill in. It proved to be an easy thing for New Zealand, but Old Bill, to the accompaniment of a roar of cheering, beat off MacNab and Pat and came in second.

In all his triumphant career, Old Bill has never had such a reception as when he returned to the paddock and Maitland had to lie back and hold him hard to stay the old pony's war-dance past the members' stand.

CHAMPIONS DAY.

Everything else at the races on Wednesday of course was overshadowed by the Champions and this was a race worth living to see. The field was two short of the expected number, for it was anticipated that two "Eves" would be saddled. Still, eight was a useful number and all were good. Quiet Eve looked the aristocrat of the lot and likewise was in the pink of condition. Alligator was an attractive pony, but his legs were strength and staying power rather than speed.

White Rosemary drew the rails, and Wheatcroft was on the outside. Pat and Alligator made the running throughout the greater part of the race and there was little change in positions till the straight. They started slowly, but races could be won at every distance on their times after that, even though the last quarter, dead into a strong wind, was rather slow. Wheatcroft had no cause to make it any faster, for no other pony seriously challenged him, although he had to go all out before he got rid of Alligator. White Rosemary was the surprise, and there can be little doubt but that, had he come clear a trifle earlier, he would have won the race. Wheatcroft began to work up at Proboscis, at which point Pat was coming back to the field. At the quarter, Pat was passed by Alligator and Wheatcroft, who turned into the straight about level. So smoothly was Wheatcroft running that he might have been thought to be going easily, but actually he was all out. Victor Haimovitch rode a great race on Alligator, and it is safe to say that the pony did everything of which it was capable.

Old Bill Yet Again. Had it not been for the Champions, it would have been perfectly proper to go into estimates over the result of the race for the Kiangsu Cup. This added still one more to Old Bill's wonderful list of honours. It was a two-mile race, but the old pony treated it as a pleasure jaunt and won very easily from Larch Tree and Bubby Jack.

LADY NOBLE 100.

A WELL-KNOWN HOSTESS. Lady Noble, widow of Sir Andrew Noble, was 100 years of age last month.

Lady Noble and her husband, the expert on guns and ammunition at Elswick Works, Newcastle, were, in the eighties, among the most popular of northern hosts. Since Sir Andrew's death in 1916 Lady Noble has entertained a good deal. Princess Marie Louise being one of her recent guests.

Lady Noble was born in Quebec. She was in the sailing ship Concord, which was wrecked on a berg in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, 37 lives being lost.

THE CHAMPIONS SWEEPS.

P. & O. VETERAN WINS \$193,000.

Capt. Evans of the P. & O. drew the winning pony in the "B" Sweep for the Champions and takes the prize of \$193,000. He is a veteran who left the service of the company some time ago and has settled down in the East, not having been home for 26 years.

First prize in the "A" sweeps went to Mr. Veron Clair an American Exchange Broker.

The identity of other prize winners is unknown but an American marine at Shanghai is said to have won 2nd or 3rd prize in the B Sweep.

We give below the full draw for the two sweeps.

"A" Sweep.	
1-Wheatcroft	31,333
2-White Rosemary	28,500
3-Alligator	49,411
Wedding Eve	6,739
Dowagiac	22,274
Sahara	49,731
Taurus	36,856
Geyerland	35,000
Novelist	14,084
Montrose	42,592
Firefly	9,459
Zanzibar	37,800
John Willy	17,570
Nuita St. Georges	10,035
Glenlue	32,518
Coeur de Leon	37,653
Sheldale	30,354
Achilles	1,811
Quiet Eve	13,275
Stout Fella	33,374
Wynd	13,728
Friar Tuck	15,739
Pioneer	12,437
Pretylight	12,207
Le Polisson	18,035
Stembar	25,025
The Snake Bird	24,539
Cloverland	47,940
Jack Tar	27,024
Amendment	9,268
Shortly McGee	10,340
White Lodge	18,845
New Zealand	22,630
Easter Eve	10,250
MacKay	13,994
Oh Kay	46,412
Pat	19,585
Old Bill	42,893
Kilmorey	22,890
The Field I.	4,374
The Field II.	47,589
The Field III.	4,189
The Field IV.	8,638

"B" Sweep.	
1-Wheatcroft	42,462
2-White Rosemary	13,536
3-Alligator	28,500
Wedding Eve	27,331
Dowagiac	20,566
Sahara	41,800
Taurus	39,647
Geyerland	21,437
Novelist	58,718
Montrose	23,973
Firefly	32,914
Zanzibar	32,558
John Willy	36,796
Nuita St. Georges	40,104
Glenlue	13,955
Coeur de Leon	6,030
Sheldale	22,265
Achilles	17,813
Quiet Eve	17,534
Stout Fella	10,415
Wynd	28,128
Friar Tuck	16,168
Pioneer	36,871
Le Polisson	16,370
Stembar	16,495
The Snake Bird	17,850
Cloverland	10,925
Jack Tar	31,379
Amendment	36,253
Shortly McGee	1,000
White Lodge	39,123
New Zealand	12,027
Easter Eve	5,649
MacKay	11,890
Oh Kay	16,121
Pat	24,433
Kilmorey	20,350
Election Eve	602
Fortissimo	
Double Zero	

1,200 BRITISH PILGRIMS FOR U.S.

A pilgrimage of 1,200 British pilgrims is going to the United States in June to visit the haunts of the old Pilgrim Fathers. The pilgrims will land at Boston, and visit Concord and Lexington, where the Patriots were first to take the field. They will then go to Plymouth Rock, where the Mayflower anchored, and a service will be held on the rock. A service will also be held in New York.

The pilgrimage has been organized by the Rev. A. G. Sheep, secretary of the Colonial Pilgrimage Society of the Congregational Union.

LADIES' OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

YORKSHIRE CHAMPION'S SUCCESS.

AMERICAN CHALLENGER BEATEN.

[THROUGH BRUTER'S AGENCY.]

HUNTINGTON, May 16th.

In the fourth round of the Ladies' Open Golf Championship Miss Wragg, the Yorkshire Champion, beat Miss Glenna Collett, the American, by 3 and 2.

ATHLETIC RECORD BREAKERS.

SOME OF THEIR QUALITIES.

IMPORTANCE OF COMPETITION.

[BY F. A. M. WESTER, THE WELL-KNOWN ATHLETIC EXPERT.]

Scientists have set a certain limit to the possibility of human physical achievement. So far some of their expectations have not been fulfilled, while other theories have been upset.

Some mathematicians have said that it is possible for a man travelling at a speed of 10 yards per second to jump to a distance of over 27 ft. if there is no check between the run and the spring. But 30 years ago C. B. Fry's world's record of 23 ft. 6 in. at Oxford was regarded as the last word in long jump achievement.

Last year Dr. Hart Hubbard, a 34-year-old American Negro, reached 26 ft. 3 in., but had his record disallowed because the take-off was an inch higher than the surface of the sand pit. That a jump of 26 ft. is humanly possible has recently been placed beyond doubt by S. J. M. Atkinson, of South Africa, clearing 26 ft. 6 in. It seems possible that the 27 ft. limit set by scientists may be reached at the forthcoming ninth Olympiad at Amsterdam.

Physique Of Record Breakers.

What is it that makes a record breaker? The causes are mysterious. It might be thought that among jumpers the tall man would have the better chance, but then Dr. Hart Hubbard stands only 5 ft. 6 in., whereas Atkinson is just over 6 ft. Or take the great high jumpers. H. M. Osborne, who cleared 6 ft. 4 in., is tall and heavily built, as is Howard Baker, who jumped 6 ft. 5 in. But W. Byrd Page, M. F. Sweeney, and Dick Landon, all of whom jumped 6 inches more than their own height, were of the 5 ft. 6 in. to 5 ft. 8 in. class in stature and very lightly built.

To be in the record-breaking class among hurdlers a man must be tall, long of legs, and weigh something over 12 stone. Strength, height and weight are essential in the throwing events.

On the track it is the fire within that tells first, but there are many other factors to be considered. Not least of these is environment. Performances are possible to sprinters in the rarefied air of California and South Africa which cannot be accomplished elsewhere; and a perfectly surfaced track, shut in from all the winds, like that at Stockholm, where I saw Nurmi run his wonderful mile in 4 min. 10.8 sec., is simply built for record-breaking.

Nurmi's Achievement. Men like Nurmi and Newton, the hero of the Bath and Brighton Roads, are, of course, a law unto themselves. Nurmi, for example, has thought nothing of running two or three miles as a means of limbering up for a ten-mile race, to say nothing of eating an apple, to say nothing of Newton never bothers about diet, and has been known to smoke a pipe both before and immediately after one of his amazing 60-mile runs. There is, however, a point of similarity about the beginnings of both these record-breakers.

As a youngster Nurmi ran eight miles to and from school daily, doing the journeys on skis in winter; while Newton, when a boy at Bedford School, was well accustomed to a weekly jaunt of 20 miles. In both cases such early training has made these men almost immune from exhaustion.

Another important factor is the strength of opposition. Nurmi was forced to beat the world's mile record by the repeated challenges of Edwin Wide. H. B. Stallard never raced so fast as he did when he ran A. G. Hill to a close decision in the British record mile of 1921, nor did A. N. S. Jackson ever again reproduce the form which enabled him to beat a number of American world beaters in the Olympic 1,500 metres at Stockholm in 1912. And, finally, it was the determined opposition of D. G. A. Lowe which forced the German, Dr. O. Bolter, to break the world's half-mile record at the A.A.A. championship of 1920.

There is also for the distance runner the question of running to a pre-arranged time schedule. Nurmi has reduced this part of his racing to a fine art, and always knows just exactly how long it should take, and has taken him to cover each quarter-mile lap in a contest.

AUSTRALIA'S NEW TENNIS STARS.

FUTURE WORLD CHAMPIONS?

[BY STANLEY N. DOUST, THE FORMER LAWN TENNIS INTERNATIONAL.]

The first team of the many challengers to France for the right to hold the Davis Cup trophy for this year have arrived in France. These are the Australians.

They come with one object only, and that is to try to "lift" the cup. What they do at Wimbledon or in the hard-court championships in Paris is secondary. Gerald Patterson, who won the championship at Wimbledon in 1919 and 1922, captains his team of three, and one unofficial member accompanies them in case of accident.

Patterson once said that he believed that America's prosperity was in a measure due to her success in world's sports, such as boxing and lawn tennis. With that belief he will have his men trained to the minute, so that if they are defeated it will be in such a manner that will bring nearly as much praise to Australia as if a victory had been gained. Patterson has, till a formidable service and his return is said to be sure, but he has grown heavier and consequently slower.

With him are J. Crawford, Harry Hopman, and the unofficial member, J. B. Hawkes.

Crawford is described by an Australian correspondent as being very cool but inclined to be lazy. He is armed at all points and has no outstanding weakness. It is said that with care he will become a world's champion. Crawford was 20 last month and is more advanced than Brookes, Anderson, and Patterson were at that age. Hopman, it is stated, will be the most popular member of the team because he has a very sunny temperament. "He is only a little fellow," says my correspondent, "but full of go." He is one of those hard-working players whose fault is that he tries to do too much. He is very active and can make all the shots. I am told to expect great things from Hopman in the doubles game.

Hawkes has never been to England, although he has played for Australia in the Davis Cup matches in America several times. He is a good all-round player, has a charming disposition, and shines in a mixed double. Mrs. Godfree (then Miss McKane) won the mixed doubles championship of the United States with Hawkes.

Before going to Italy, whom they play in the first round of the Davis Cup, the Australians will have a try-out in one or two tournaments on the Riviera. They then journey to Rome to prepare themselves for a very difficult task. Italy is very strong. Last year the Italians extended the Frenchmen to five rubbers, and three. Patterson therefore is very wise in taking few chances of being caught unprepared.—Daily Mail.

FATHER'S CLAIM TO CHILDREN.

MAN WITH SEVEN CONVICTIONS.

The question of whether a father who has been convicted seven times is a fit person to have the custody of his three children was raised at North London Police Court.

Mrs. Vera Phyllis Mason, of Devonshire-road, Holloway, sought a separation from her husband, George Charles Mason, of Westbury-avenue, Wood Green, on the ground that he had neglected to maintain her.

Mr. Watts, for the wife, said that when Mason was sentenced the children were sent to Dr. Barnardo's Homes for a year, and Mason, who was released a month ago, had notified his intention to claim them.

Mrs. Mason said her husband had been twice convicted before their marriage, in 1922, but she forgave him.

Mason: Do you admit that before my conviction in 1922 I had been a good husband and father?

—Yes.

Did I commit the crime to maintain you and the children?

Possibly.

And was the next offence committed under the same conditions?

Yes, but not with my knowledge.

A Good Husband.

Have you since my last conviction said I had always been a good father and husband?

—Yes.

Mr. Watson, the magistrate: Why did you write making allegations against your wife after she had written you a charming letter?

—I wrote it under very great mental strain. I had for nights been walking up and down my cell and I was practically hysterical. I am more sorry for that than anything I have done.

Mrs. Mason said that the case would not have been brought but for her mother-in-law.

The magistrate, in ordering an adjournment, said unless the husband satisfied him he had no power, he should make an order.

ECZEMA SPREAD OVER LIMBS.

Formed Sore Eruptions. Cuticura Healed.

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"I didn't realize that ships could have aboard as many comforts and conveniences as have the President Liners. Such large staterooms, all outside, real beds, hot and cold running water, private baths, wardrobes, thermos bottles, long mirrors, etc. It is simply amazing."

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Pres. Wilson, Sun. May 27, 8 a.m. Pres. Folk, Sun. July 1, 8 a.m.
Pres. Van Buren, Sun. June 3, 8 a.m. Pres. Adam, Sun. July 15, 8 a.m.
Pres. Hayes, Sun. June 17, 8 a.m. Pres. Garfield, Sun. July 29, 8 a.m.

To Manila
Pres. Wilson, May, 20th, 8 a.m. Pres. Madison, June 6th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Lincoln, May 22nd, 6 p.m. Pres. Pierce, June 9th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Cleveland, May 26th, 6 p.m. Pres. Jackson, June 18th, 8 p.m.

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HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER			
Hong Kong Observatory, May 16th.			
Time	On Date	At	On Date
Day	at 2 p.m.	6 a.m.	8 p.m.
Barometer	29.72	29.73	29.70
Temperature	82	78	84
Humidity	84	92	78
Wind	W.	SE	WNW
Direction	W.	SE	WNW
Force	0	0	0
Weather	0	0	0
Rain	2.53	0.0	0.24
Highest open-air Temperature, 15th:—			
Lowest open-air Temperature, 16th:—			
R-Blue sky; O-Cloudy; D-Drizzle; F-Fog; L-Lightning; M-Mist; O-Overcast; P-Passing showers; Q-Qualls; R-Rain; T-Thunder.			

SHOPLIFTING IN AUSTRALIA.

ENORMOUS LOSSES.

INGENUITY OF THE THIEVES.

The prevalence of shoplifting is greatly exercising the managers of city stores, because articles of every size and character are missed daily from the showrooms and counters, says the Sydney Bulletin. These include costly gowns, a sewing machine, a wireless set, dainty shoes, silk stockings, rings, bars of chocolate, ties, ironmongery—almost anything is taken, and a constant vigil by highly trained men and women does little to suppress the evil.

Every day business managers of city stores are brought intimately in contact with the complex workings of human nature, for it is before them that the suspected shop-lifter is taken. He is a man whom experience has made somewhat mistrustful of appearances and explanations. The delinquents include women in comfortable circumstances, hardened shoplifters, girls of eighteen, small boys, and well-dressed men. Some, it seems, are impelled to steal by genuine necessity. There is also the kleptomaniac, who steals from instinct.

Training Of Children.
One of the most regrettable features of shoplifting is that many inveterate offenders train children to assist them. In a very short period the young neophyte develops an astonishing proficiency.

Is it any wonder, then, that managers sometimes speak with a note of hysteria, of gangs of shoplifters, pouring into shops at rare times equipped with every accessory in the complicated system of concealment known to their trade. There is no end of the ingenuity and the daring of the shoplifter. Capacious bags hanging inside coats, boxes with false lids, prisms, and many other resources are the means by which they carry on their depredations. It is well-known that many of them work in gangs, which sweep through store after store, pilfering from almost every counter, yet evading detection.

Professional Thieves.
It is the professional shoplifters, detectives say, who give the most trouble. Usually the gang approaches the counter, and while one of their number makes enticing demands upon the assistant attending her, the others steal whatever they can from the counters. Some they are caught, but mostly detection is a difficult matter for the women know the house detectives by sight, and maintain sharp watch while pilfering is in progress.

First Offenders Act.
Business house executives attribute the alarming increase in shoplifting which has taken place in recent years to the Women's First Offenders Act, under which all cases of this nature are tried in camera. In addition, magistrates have the power to release offenders, and it is asserted that the provisions of this Act are taken full advantage of by the gangs operating in the city and suburbs. Women who have not previously been convicted are secured, and are paid a certain sum a week to commit the actual thefts. This can be undertaken with comparative security, for the Act is a guarantee to first offenders of freedom from punishment and publicity.

Aggregate Sum Very Large.
Sydney business houses are unable to estimate their annual losses from shoplifting, but all are agreed that the aggregate sum must be astonishingly large. The large department stores employ their own detectives, all of whom have had experience extending over many years of the habits of shoplifters. These men saunter unobtrusively through the departments, and are instrumental to a considerable degree in preventing the evil from assuming unmanageable proportions. Suspected persons are at once placed in the custody of the police, whose first act is to visit their homes and search thoroughly for stolen goods. Often these searches reveal remarkable evidences of the success with which the expert shop-lifter operates. From an inspection of the home of a shoplifter arrested for the theft of a string of beads, hundreds of pounds worth of stolen goods have been recovered. On one occasion some years ago detectives were startled to discover a stolen sewing machine in a shoplifter's home. They were informed by the thief that she had placed the machine under her arm, and boldly walked out of the shop with it. More recently an article as bulky as a wireless set, valued at nearly £100, was removed from a Fifth Street shop.

In most cases the shoplifters are women, though men when they undertake this traffic show a high degree of proficiency.

NAVAL AND MILITARY.

H.M.S. "CORNWALL" COMING EAST BY "THE HORN."

With effect from April 19th Commander H. F. E. Handley relinquished the command of H.M.S. *Magnolia*, one of the four sloops on the China Station. Comdr. Handley has completed the usual two years in the vessel, and will be succeeded by Comdr. A. E. Buckland, D.S.O., D.S.C., who for a similar period has been Training Commander at the R.N. Barracks, Portsmouth.

New courses began on April 16th, including one for executive officers in accountant duties, at Chatham. Lieut. P. C. S. Tupper Carey, who takes this course, will afterwards go out to China to join the sloop *Fozglove*.

It has been decided that the new cruiser *Cornwall*, Captain the Hon. W. S. Leveson-Gower, D.S.O., which is to go to the China Station to take the place of the *Vindictive*, will proceed via the Straits of Magellan and the Pacific. She will call at certain ports in South America, and will then go on to represent the Royal Navy at the sesqui-centennial celebrations of the discovery of the Sandwich Islands, to be held at Honolulu under the auspices of the United States Government from August 15th to 19th.

The women of Cornwall are subscribing to a fund to present a white silk ensign to the cruiser, and any surplus money, if any, will be handed over to the fund for providing a drum and fife band for the ship.

Approval has been given for the relief of the *Curlew*, Capt. H. C. Allen, by the *Castor*, now in reserve at the Nore, to take place at Colombo towards the end of July, 1928. The *Curlew* belongs to the Third Cruiser Squadron, Mediterranean, but during the past year has been lent to the China Station, and has spent the winter at Hankow. The *Castor* will complete a navigating complement in June with ratings from Devonport, and will be steamed there to commission with a full Devonport crew for her new service. It was the *Castor* which served as the Commodore ship with the Grand Fleet destroyer flotilla at the Jutland battle, 12 years ago.

17 DAYS' INQUIRY COSTS £10,000.

CHIEF CONSTABLE AND WATCH COMMITTEE.

14,005 QUESTIONS.

The Home Office inquiry into the dispute between the Watch Committee of St. Helena, Leeward Islands, and the Chief Constable, Mr. A. B. Ellington, came to an end after a seventeen days' hearing.

No fewer than 14,005 questions have been asked and answered, and an average of 82,000 words spoken daily.

The total cost of the inquiry will be between £2,000 and £10,000. The inquiry into the Chief Constable's appeal from the Watch Committee's decision to retire him cost the borough £200.

The recommendations of the tribunal, of which the president is Mr. T. Hollis Walker, E.C., will be forwarded to the Home Office. Sir Walter Greaves-Lord, E.C., in his final address, on behalf of Mr. Ellington, dealt with the statement of Alderman Boscow, chairman of the Watch Committee, that Mr. Ellington was unreasonable in refusing to accept his suggestion for allocating the extra police during the coal strike, and said:

This was the man who earlier had presumed to say that the Council of Action should sit in the town hall. One knows the purpose was to enable the general strike to be carried on, not to enable order to be restored. He is the man who says his advice should be taken easily and lightly in an industrial dispute.

Mr. J. E. Singleton, K.C., for the Watch Committee, in his address, contended that five members of the constables' branch board had shown that the Chief Constable had not acted fairly towards them and that for more than five years the board had not been able to function properly.

The majority of the Watch Committee, he said, was "formed" of members of a comparatively new party, and he was not doing them an injustice in saying that people who came new to the Government had much to learn equally with people who have been doing it for

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

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All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 1st prox., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 17th instant, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hong Kong, 11th May, 1928. [6246]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

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are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves, Delivery may be obtained. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 18th instant, will be subject to Rent.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free Storage period. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd May, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th June, or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

15th May, 1928. [6280]

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

THE Motor Ship "TRAVE"

having arrived from BREMEN, HAMBURG and PORTS, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Cargo is being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, where Delivery can be obtained.

All Goods remaining undelivered after the 18th of May, 1928, will be subject to Rent. No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godown for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Anderson & Ash at 10 a.m. on the 16th of May, 1928.

No Claim will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown and all Claims must be presented within Two Weeks of the Ship's arrival here, after which date they will not be recognized.

Consignees are requested to surrender their Bills of Lading to the Underwriter for countersignature.

MELCHERS & CO., Agents, Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen, Hong Kong, 11th May, 1928. [6248]

PRINCE LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM NEW YORK.

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having arrived from the above Port on 16th instant, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Thursday, 17th instant, at 10 a.m. All Claims must be presented within Fifteen days of the Vessel's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 17th instant, will be subject to Rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

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IMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 1	June 4	June 7	June 9	June 20
IMPRESS OF ASIA	June 2	June 5	June 8	June 10	June 21
IMPRESS OF CANADA	June 3	June 6	June 9	June 11	June 22
IMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 4	June 7	June 10	June 12	June 23
IMPRESS OF ASIA	June 5	June 8	June 11	June 13	June 24
IMPRESS OF CANADA	June 6	June 9	June 12	June 14	June 25
IMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 7	June 10	June 13	June 15	June 26
IMPRESS OF ASIA	June 8	June 11	June 14	June 16	June 27
IMPRESS OF CANADA	June 9	June 12	June 15	June 17	June 28
IMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 10	June 13	June 16	June 18	June 29
IMPRESS OF ASIA	June 11	June 14	June 17	June 19	June 30
IMPRESS OF CANADA	June 12	June 15	June 18	June 20	July 1
IMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 13	June 16	June 19	June 21	July 2

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Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
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June 5	June 7	EMPRESS OF CANADA	June 8
June 26	June 28	EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 29

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TAIYO MARU ... Tuesday, 29th May

TENYO MARU ... Tuesday, 13th June

LONDON via Singapore, Suez, Marseilles & Ports.

HAZAKI MARU ... Saturday, 19th May

KAKUSAN MARU ... Saturday, 2nd June

KITANO MARU ... Saturday, 16th June

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

MISHIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd May

TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 20th June

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

MOJI MARU ... Sunday, 27th May

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

BAKUO MARU ... Thursday, 31st May

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

WAKASA MARU ... Saturday, 9th June

NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.

FUJI MARU ... Wednesday, 13th June

LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.

TOYOOKA MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd May

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

CHYLLON MARU ... Saturday, 19th May

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

TANGO MARU ... Friday, 18th May

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

MITO MARU (Cable Moji) ... Saturday, 19th May

GENOA MARU ... Sunday, 20th May

NAGANO MARU (Moji direct) ... Monday, 21st May

KAMO MARU ... Tuesday, 22nd May

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3. "HALVARD" ... sailing 25th May

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the HONG KONG—SAIGON run, and will take first-class passengers

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Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News,
Vessels Expected, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

LOCAL IMPORTS & THROUGH FREIGHTS FAIR.

GOOD BRITISH RETURNS.

Of the nine British arrivals during the 24 hours ended at 0 a.m. yesterday eight discharged cargo for this port, amounting to over 8,000 tons. Of the 13,403 tons of general cargo carried through for ports beyond, only one foreign vessel carried 208 tons of cargo. The remaining 13,000 tons were carried by five British vessels. There were sixteen arrivals and eighteen departures during the period under review.

The general merchandise for Hong Kong totalled 14,712 tons, of which 9,033 tons were carried by eight British ships. The best cargo returns were shown by the s.s. *Tai-soku Maru* with 3,100 tons from Bangkok and Keelung; and the s.s. *Anguian* (British) from Bangkok with 2,933 tons of general cargo.

Through freight totalled 13,403 tons, and five British ships carried 13,194 tons. Two Blue Funnel liners were best carriers. The s.s. *Patricius* from Obelisk and Shanghai carried 3,901 tons, while the s.s. *Adriatic* had 5,377 tons from Liverpool and Singapore.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were as follows:—

	Arr.	Dep.
British	9	7
Japanese	2	4
Chinese	5	3
Norwegian	0	1
Danish	0	1
French	0	1
American	0	1
Total	16	18

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Australian-Orizental Line.
Changie, June 8th.
Taiping, July 10th.

Bank Line.
City of Chester, May 27th.

City of York, June 9th.

City of Bedford, June 22nd.

City of Peking, July 7th.

City of Osaka, July 13th.

City of New Castle, June 10th.

City of Evansville, July 20th.

City of Winnipeg, August 4th.

City of Delhi, September 1st.

City of Glasgow, September 8th.

Blue Funnel Line.
Helenus, May 19th.

Orestes, May 20th.

Teucer, May 22nd.

Perseus, May 27th.

Menelaus, May 28th.

Heracles, May 30th.

Rhesus, May 31st.

Menor, June 8th.

Tyndareus, June 10th.

Dardanus, June 12th.

Antenor, June 13th.

Oanfa, June 20th.

Dioneda, June 28th.

Atricus, June 27th.

Antiochus, June 28th.

Proteus, June 29th.

Proteus, July 3rd.

Lycan, July 8th.

Philoctetes, July 8th.

Ningchow, July 16th.

Achilles, July 21st.

Thetis, July 24th.

Phaethon, July 20th.

Phaethon, August 4th.

Hellerophon, August 8th.

Elpenor, August 22nd.

Sarpedon, August 23rd.

Machaon, September 19th.

Japanese Prince, June 3rd.

Chinese Prince, June 29th.

Peninsular and Oriental.

Lahore, May 19th.

Mirrored, May 20th.

Devanah, May 21st.

Ridderpore, May 22nd.

Rangpur, May 24th.

Malwa, May 26th.

Alipore, May 31st.

Jeypore, June 2nd.

Nankin, June 5th.

Khyber, June 7th.

Rawalpindi, June 11th.

Yellere, July 3rd.

Kashmir, July 8th.

Rajputana, July 18th.

Kalyan, August 2nd.

Valdera, August 19th.

Morea, September 13th.

Karmala, September 27th.

Macedonia, October 12th.

Prince Line.

Japanese Prince, June 3rd.

Chinese Prince, June 29th.

Ben Line.

Benbrich, May 23rd.

British-India and Apcar Line.

Santhia, to-day.

Talpa, May 24th.

Takura, May 31st.

Takada, June 5th.

Talamo, June 15th.

Dollar Steamship Line.

President Wilson, May 19th.

President Lincoln, May 21st.

President Cleveland, May 25th.

East Asiatic Co., Copenhagen.

Peru, June 6th.

Siam, June 10th.

Danmark, July 16th.

Eastern and Australian Lines.

St. Albans, June 4th.

Arufura, July 9th.

Glen Line.

Pembroke, May 26th.

Gleniffer, June 8th.

Glenhane, June 29th.

Cardigan, July 9th.

Hamburg-Amerika Linie and Hugo Stinnes Linie.

Ludendorff, May 28th.

Vogland, June 3rd.

Hindenburg, June 13th.

Albert Voelker, June 13th.

Rhein, June 24th.

Oldenburg, July 7th.

Java-China-Japan Line.

Tyikwang, May 21st.

Tjimanok, May 21st.

Tjimbang, May 24th.

Tjipanas, May 25th.

Tjipondari, May 28th.

Tjibodas, June 4th.

Tjibatal, June 4th.

Tjikarang, June 7th.

Tjikarong, June 16th.

Massageries Maritimes.

Athos II, May 22nd.

St. Kiang, May 19th.

General Metzing, May 23rd.

Sphinx, June 5th.

Angers, June 10th.

Paul Leat, July 3rd.

Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Hakuyo Maru, to-day.

Tango Maru, to-day.

Ceylon Maru, to-morrow.

Hakozaki Maru, to-morrow.

Mishima Maru, May 22nd.

Taiyo Maru, May 22nd.

Fuji Maru, May 24th.

Muroran Maru, May 28th.

Kamo Maru, May 28th.

Moji Maru, May 30th.

Hakusan Maru, June 1st.

Tenyo Maru, June 4th.

Haruka Maru, June 7th.

Dakar Maru, June 10th.

Sado Maru, June 10th.

Awaka Maru, June 15th.

Kitano Maru, June 15th.

Korea Maru, June 18th.

Tango Maru, June 19th.

Haruna Maru, June 22nd.

Durban Maru, July 9th.

Aki Maru, July 24th.

Kamakura Maru, July 25th.

Peninsular and Oriental.

Lahore, May 19th.

Mirrored, May 20th.

Devanah, May 21st.

Ridderpore, May 22nd.

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Jeypore, June 2nd.

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Rawalpindi, June 11th.